

Nubomedia: the cloud infrastructure for WebRTC and IMS multimedia real-time communications



Luis Lopez
lulop@kurento.org

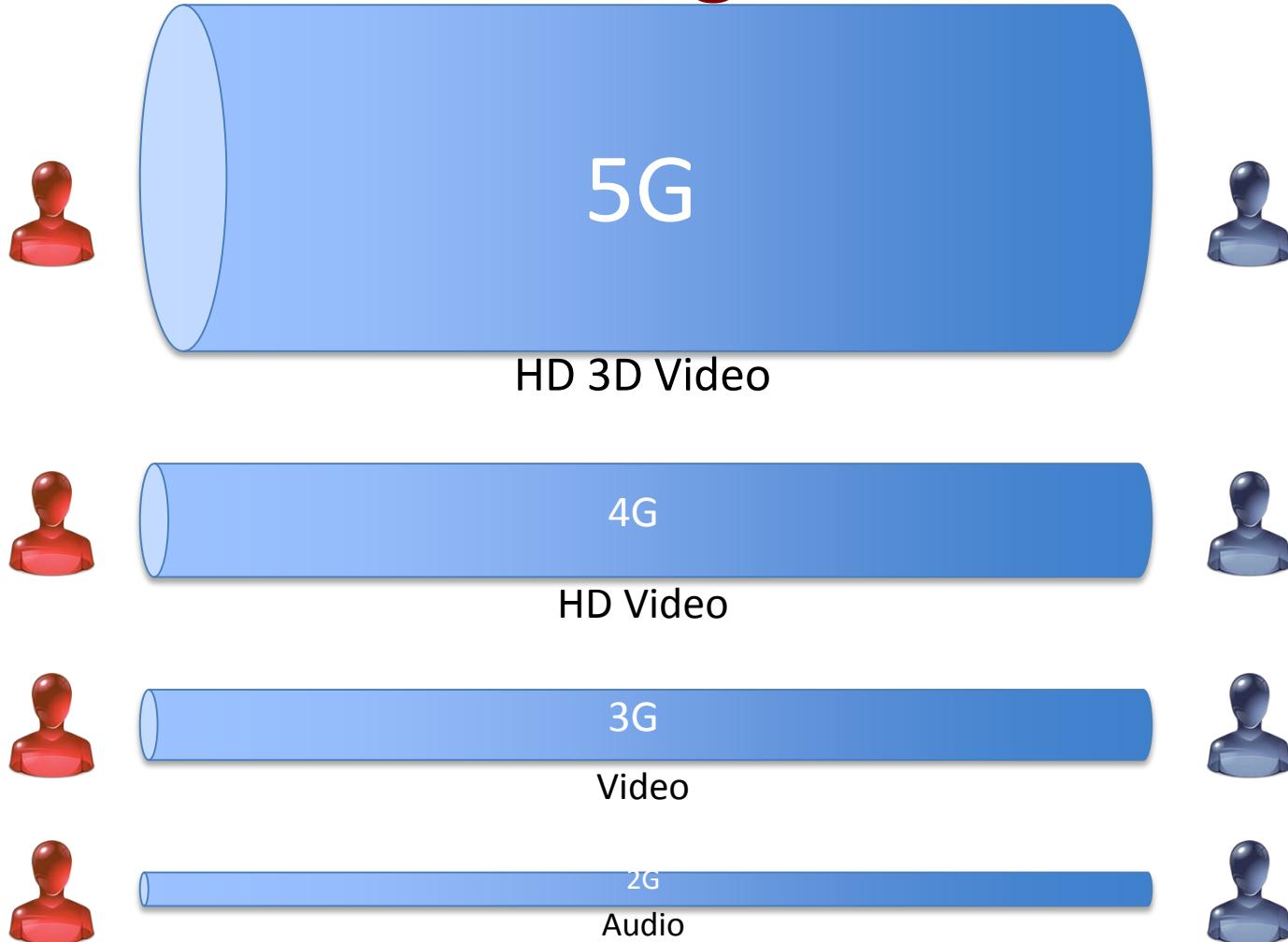
Human communications



The value of technology

DISTANCE,
I HATE YOU.

Multimedia communication technologies

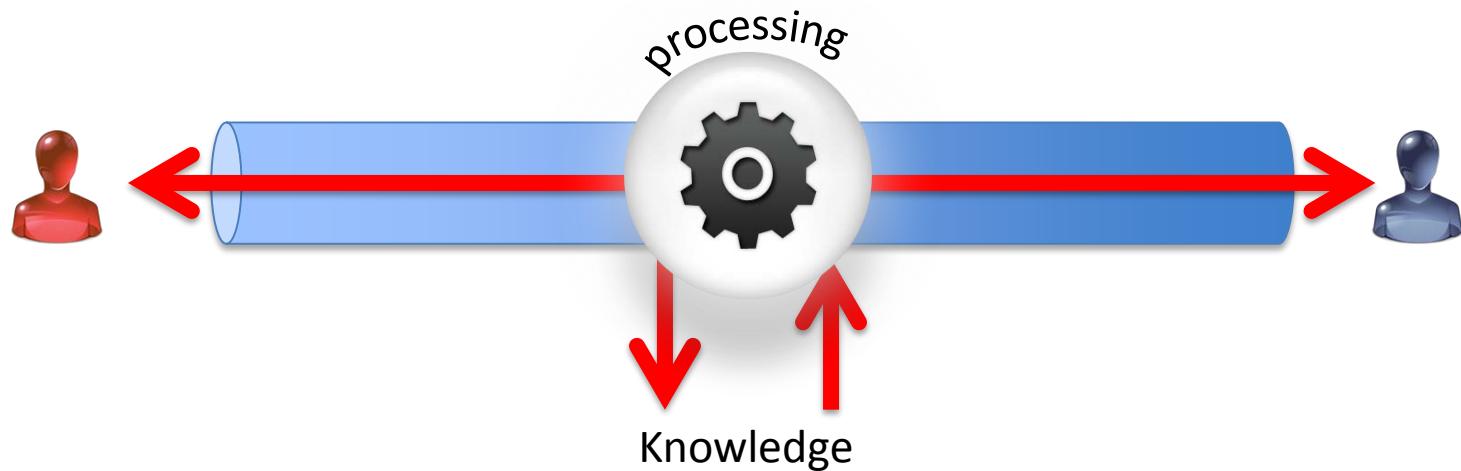


The Kurento vision

From this ...



... to this



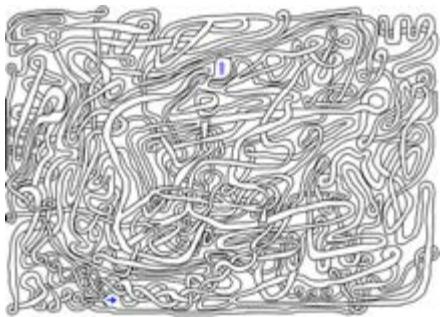
Cooking Kurento



WebRTC



WebRTC: present and future

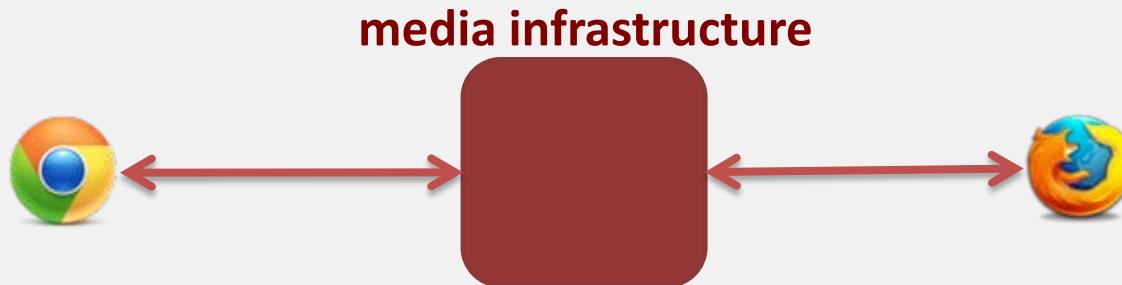
	Before WebRTC	After WebRTC	Next natural step...
Developing the client side		<p>Begin → End</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unified APIs• Standards• FOSS• Multiplatform	<p>Begin → End</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unified APIs• Standards• FOSS• Multiplatform
Developing the infrastructure side			<p>Begin → End</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unified APIs• Standards• FOSS• Multiplatform

WebRTC infrastructures

Peer-to-Peer WebRTC Application (without media infrastructure)

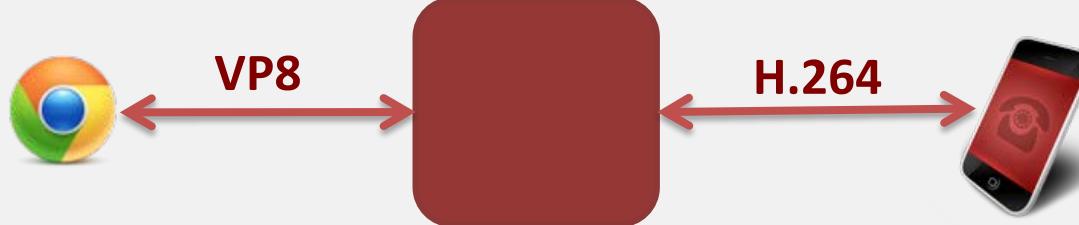


WebRTC Application based on media infrastructure

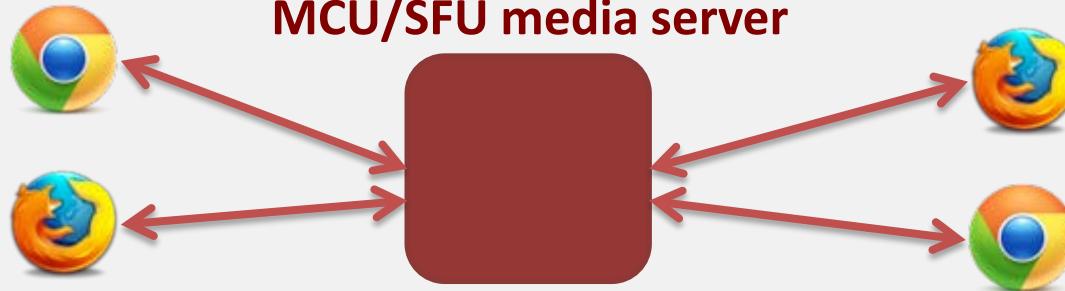


Function of WebRTC media servers

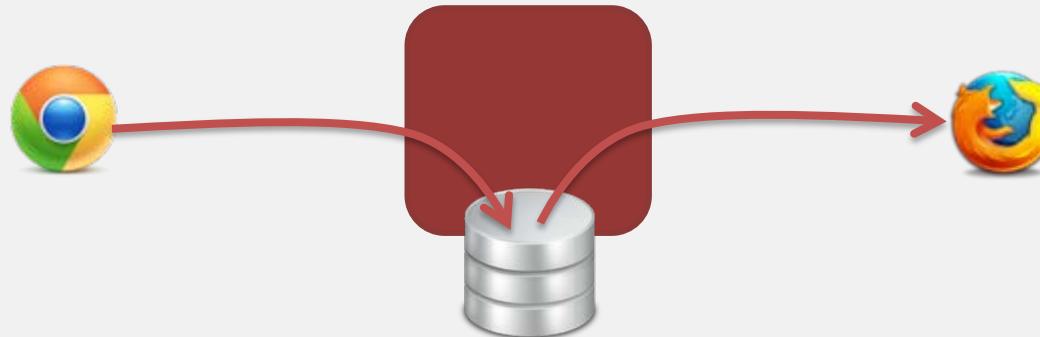
Transcoding media server



MCU/SFU media server



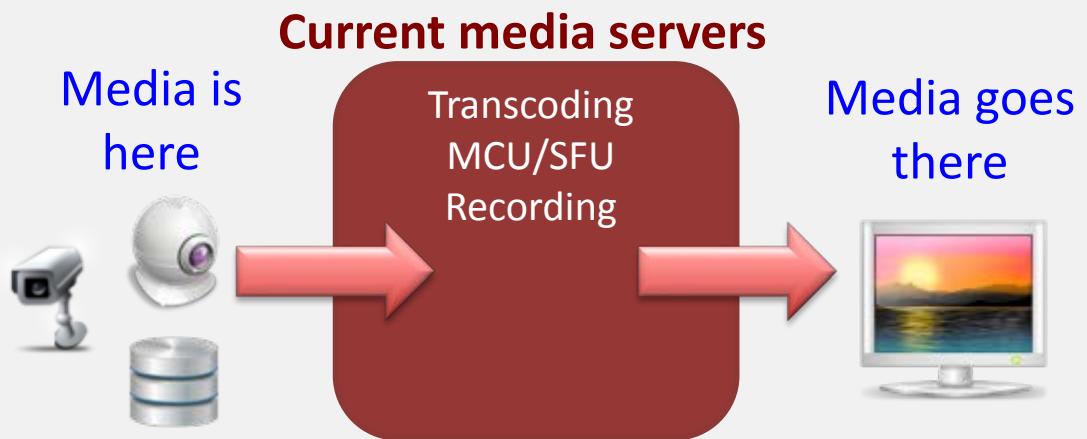
Recording media server



Kurento as a WebRTC media server

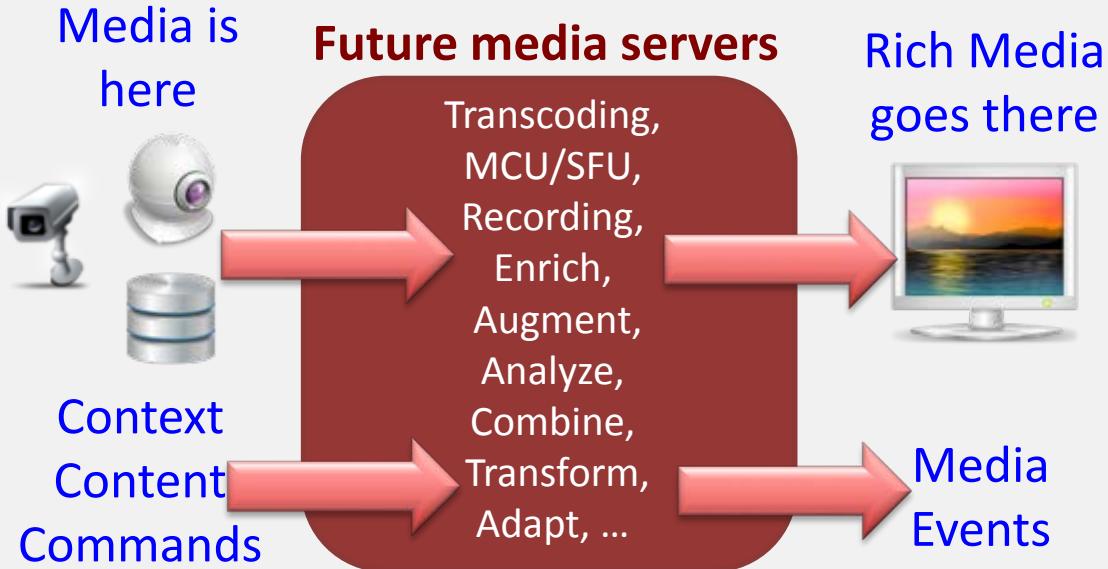
What common WebRTC Media Servers do:

- Transcoding
- MCU
- Recording



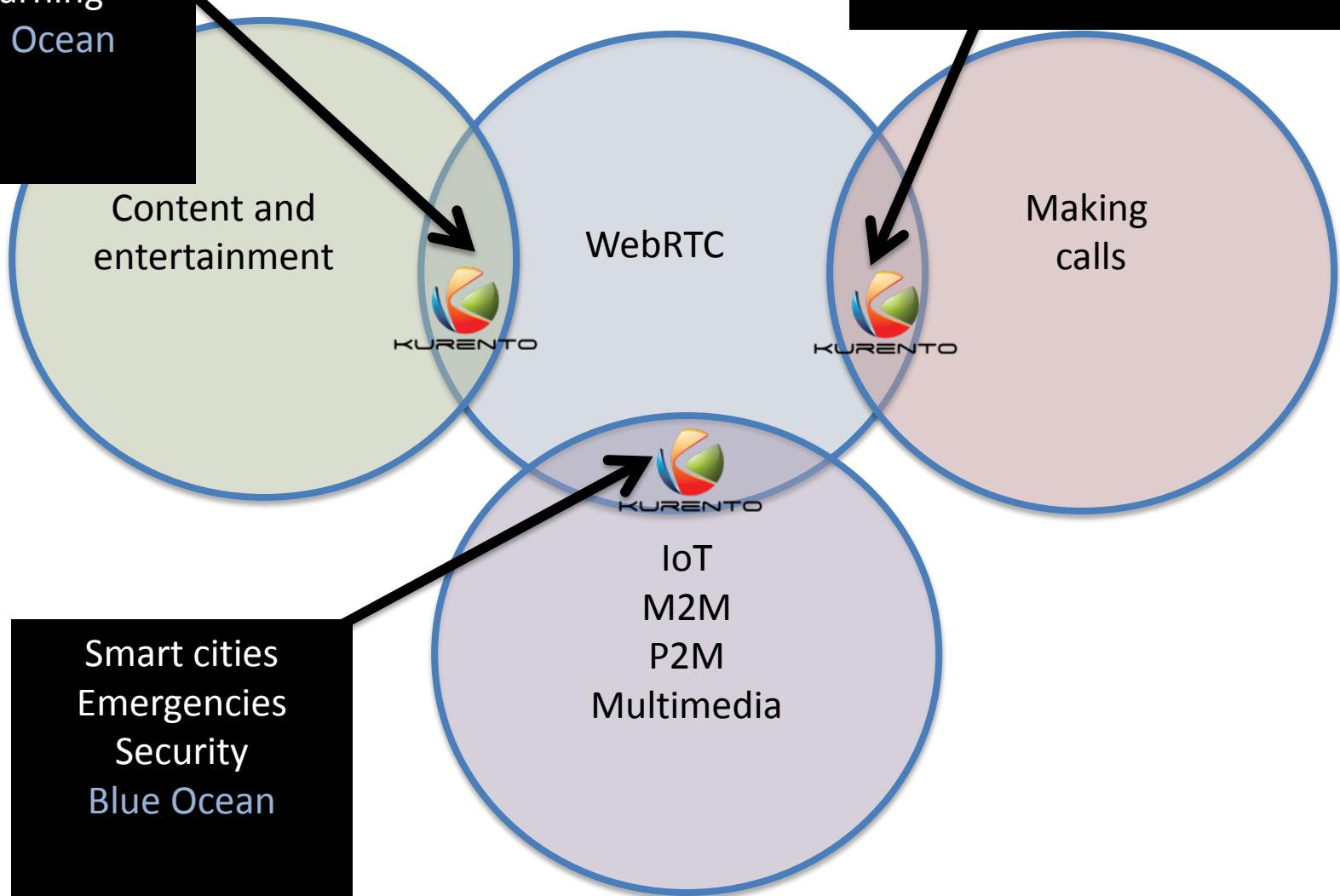
What future Media Servers will do:

- Flexible processing
- Augmented reality
- Blending
- Mixing
- Analyzing
- Etc.



Why is this important

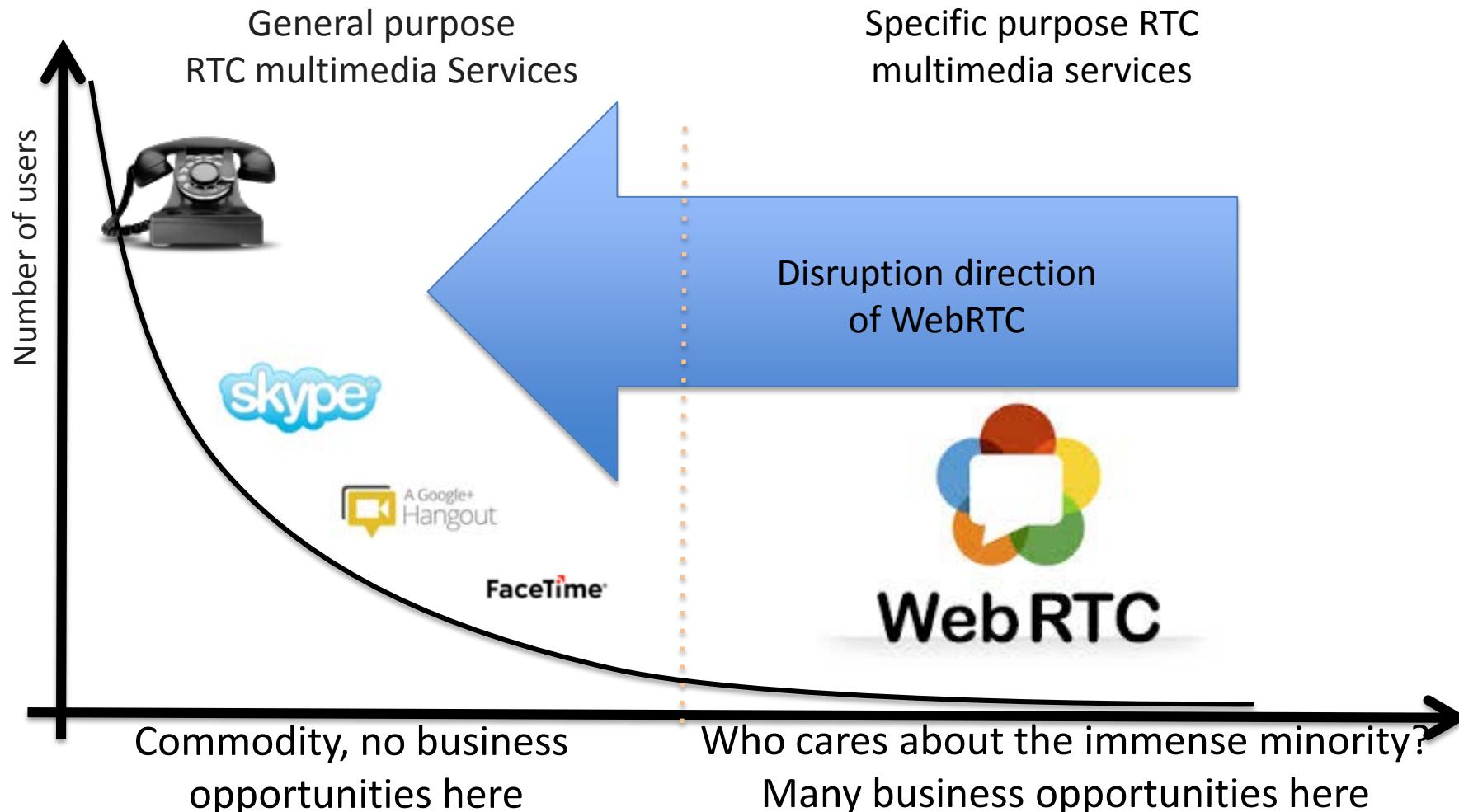
Advertising
Broadcasting
Gaming
eLearning
Blue Ocean



Making calls
WARNING! Overcrowded

Smart cities
Emergencies
Security
Blue Ocean

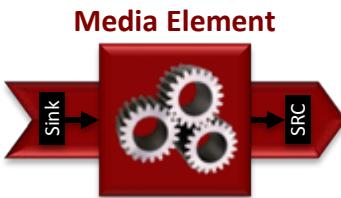
WebRTC as a disruptive technology



Kurento Media Server

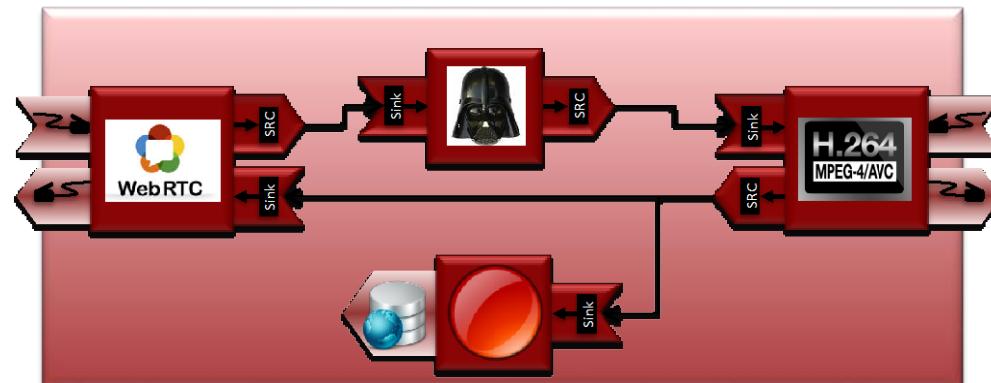
■ Media Element

- Provides a specific media functionality
 - › Send/receive media
 - › Process media
 - › Transform media
- Exchange media through
 - › Sources
 - › Sinks

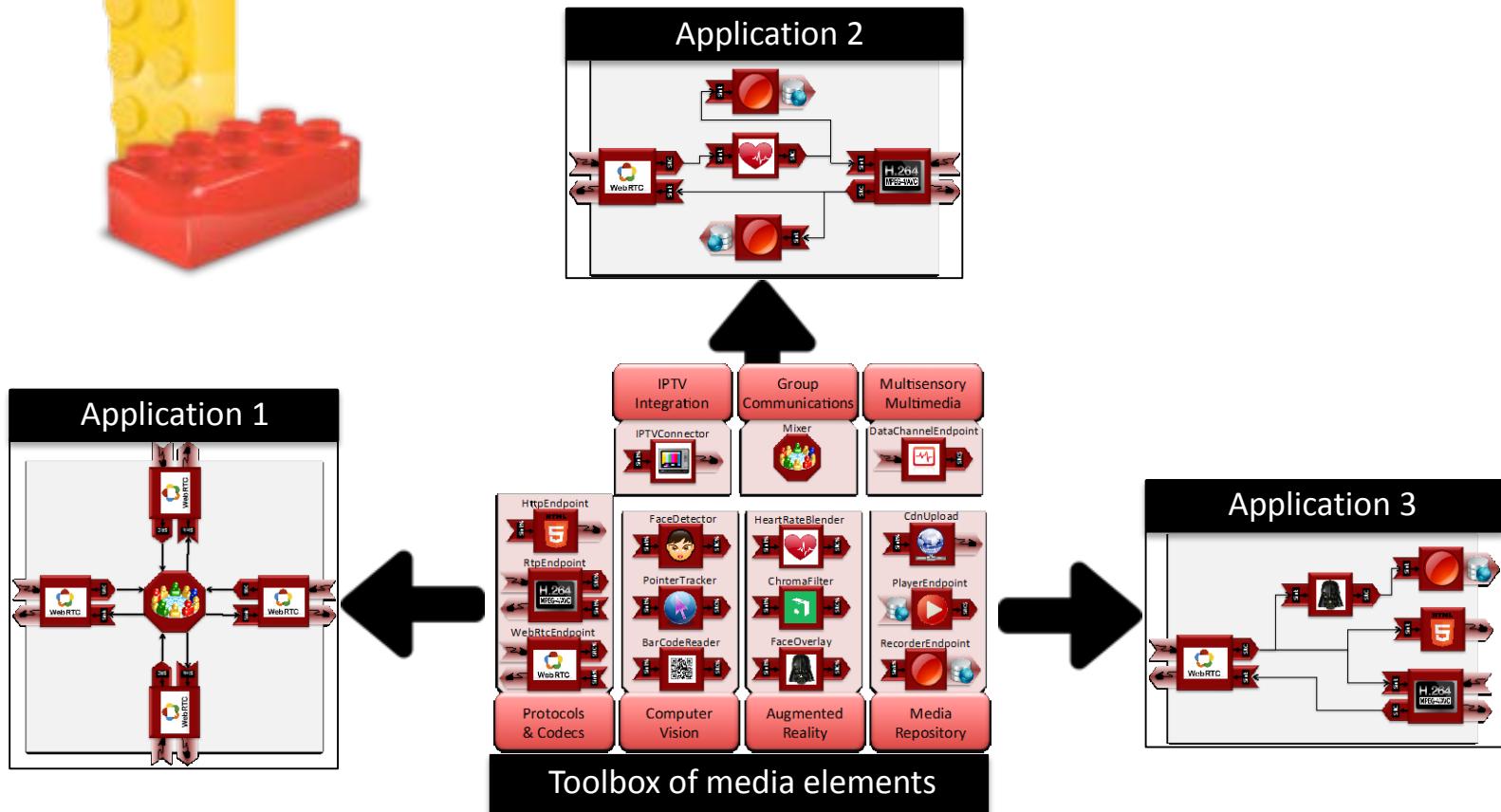


■ Media pipeline

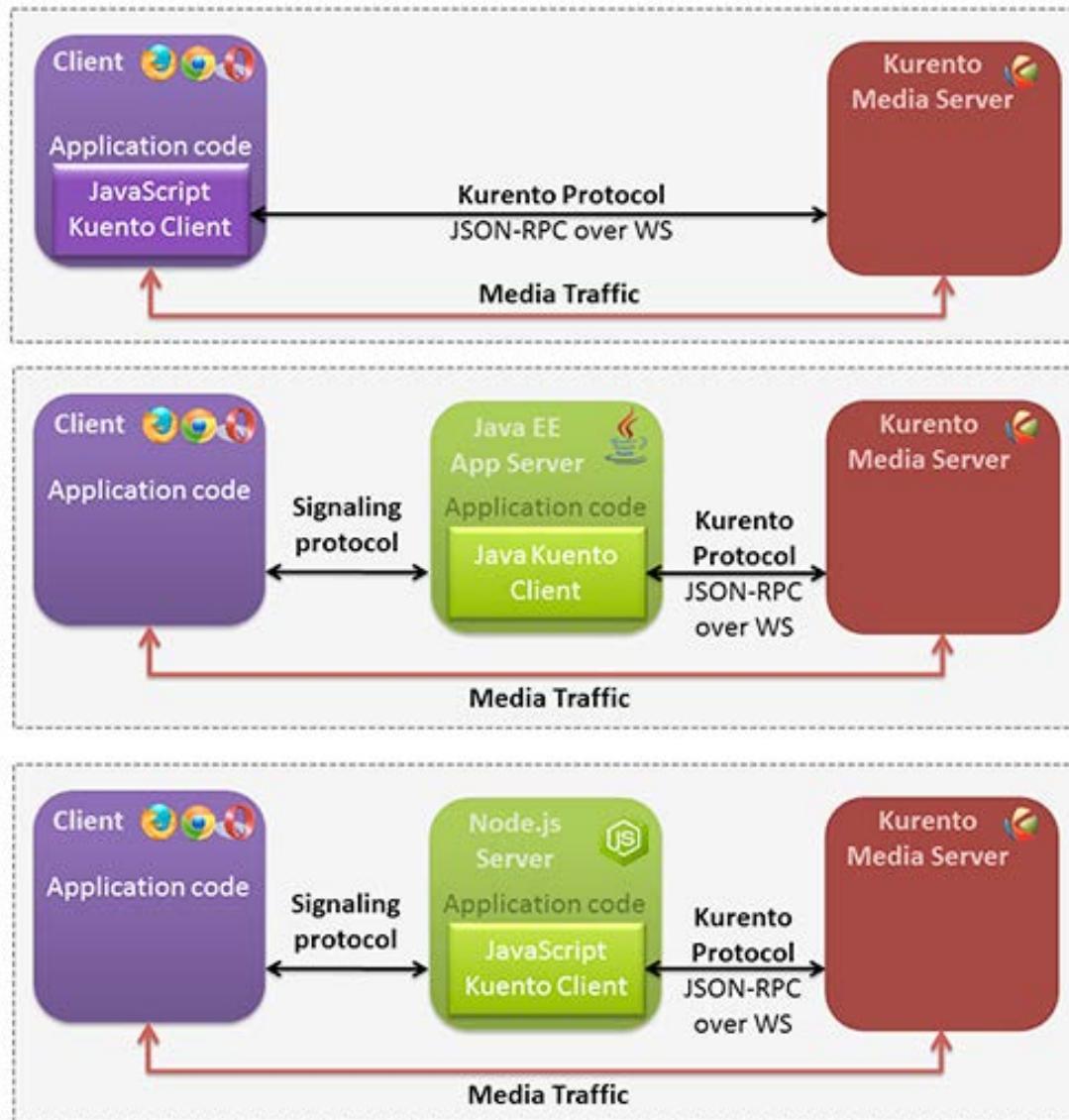
- Chain of media elements implementing the desired media logic.
- The Media API provides the capability of creating media pipelines by joining media elements of the toolbox



Creating applications basing on Kurento Media Server



Creating applications with Kurento





it seems dangerous...

LET'S DO IT!!

What you should learn first

- WebRTC basics
 - <http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/webrtc/basics/>
- Signaling basics (STUN/TURN)
 - <http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/webrtc/infrastructure/>

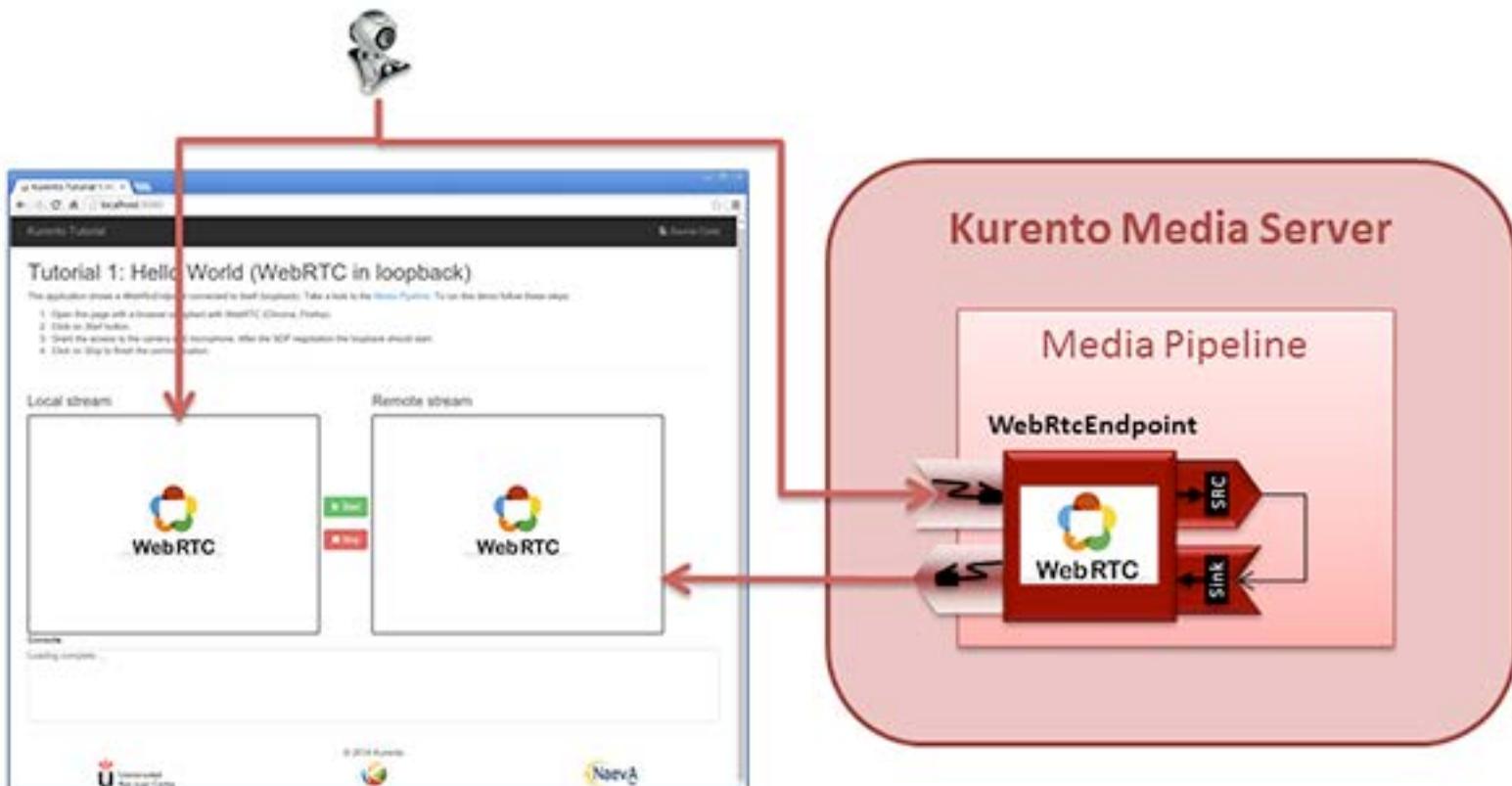
Starting with Kurento

- Kurento official documentation
 - <http://www.kurento.org/documentation>
- Kurento FIWARE documentation
 - Catalogue site
 - <http://catalogue.fiware.org/enablers/stream-oriented-kurento>
 - Documentation
 - <http://catalogue.fiware.org/enablers/stream-oriented-kurento/documentation>

Installing Kurento Media Server

- Requirements
 - Ubuntu 14.04 box (sudo)
 - Internet connectivity
- Install
 - sudo add-apt-repository ppa:kurento/kurento
 - sudo apt-get update
 - sudo apt-get install kurento-media-server
- Launch
 - sudo service kurento-media-server start

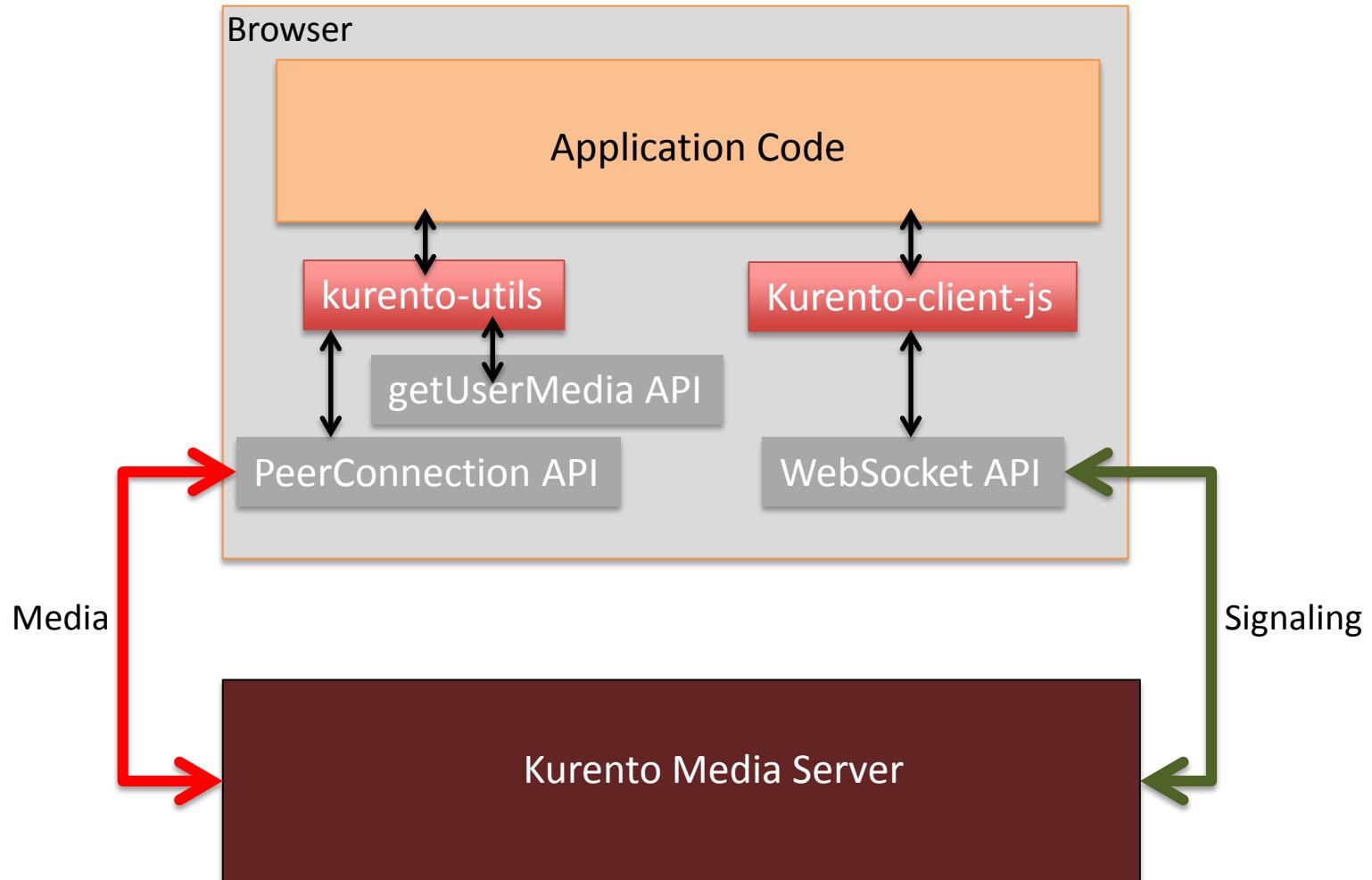
Kurento “Hello World!”



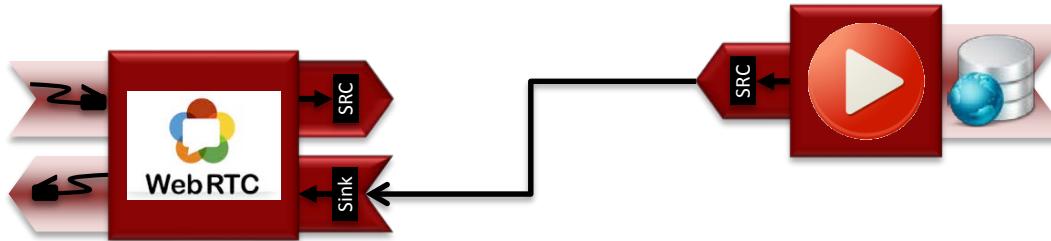
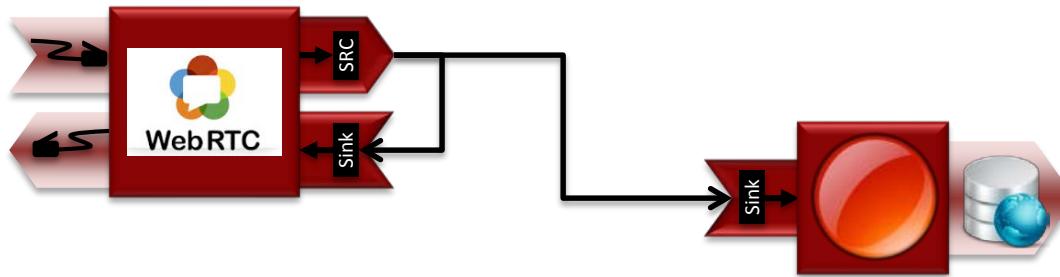
Kurento “Hello World!”

- Tutorial
 - <http://www.kurento.org/docs/current/tutorials/js/tutorial-1-helloworld.html>
- Code
 - <https://github.com/Kurento/kurento-tutorial-js/tree/release-5.1/kurento-hello-world>
- Video
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vGEnkSOp_xc

Understanding this example



Recording and playing



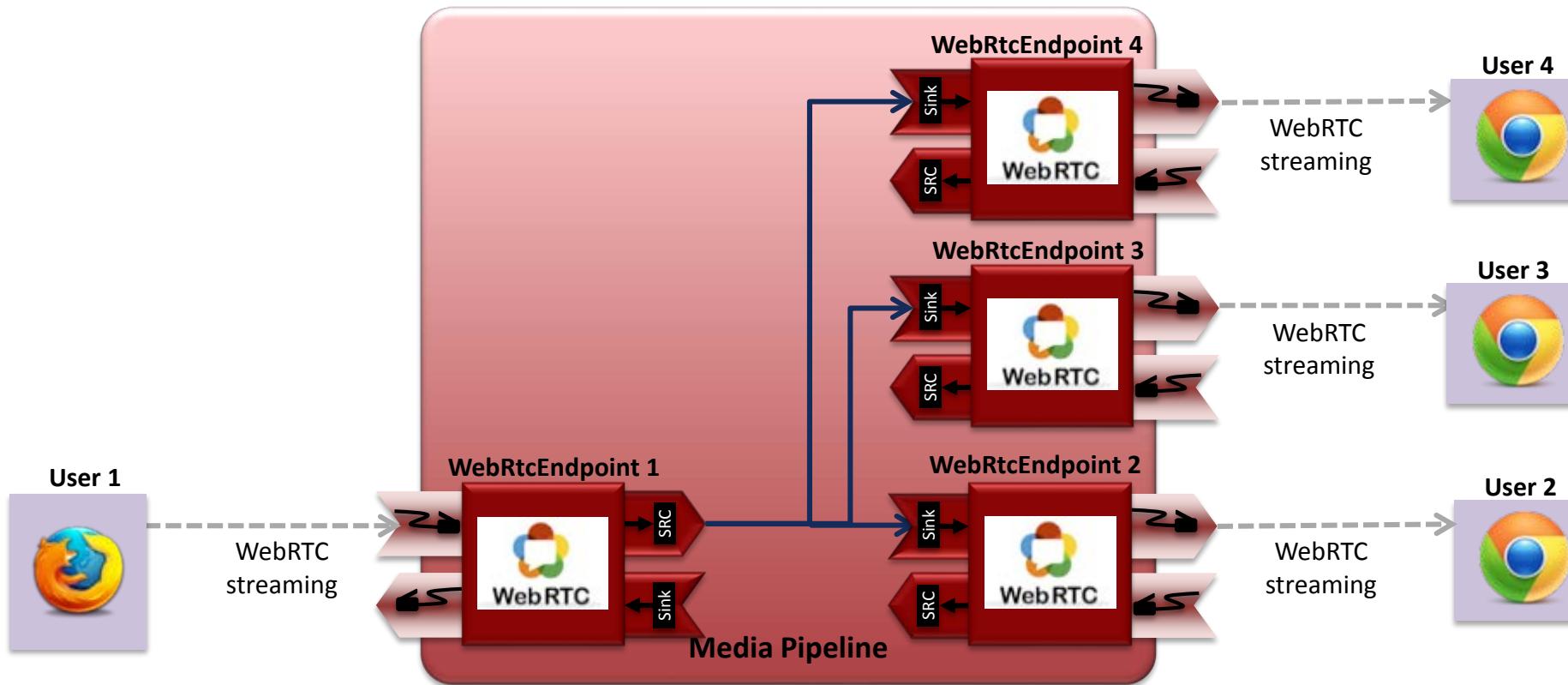
Recording and playing

- Get code here
 - <https://github.com/Kurento/kurento-tutorial-js/tree/release-5.1/kurento-hello-world-recorder-generator>
 - **WARNING:** Example using generators!!
- Video
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rDd2NjFXcS0>

JavaScript Generators

- Generators
 - Black magic for avoiding callback hell
 - Program asynchronously with synchronous philosophy
- Warning
 - “Enable Experimental JavaScript” flag

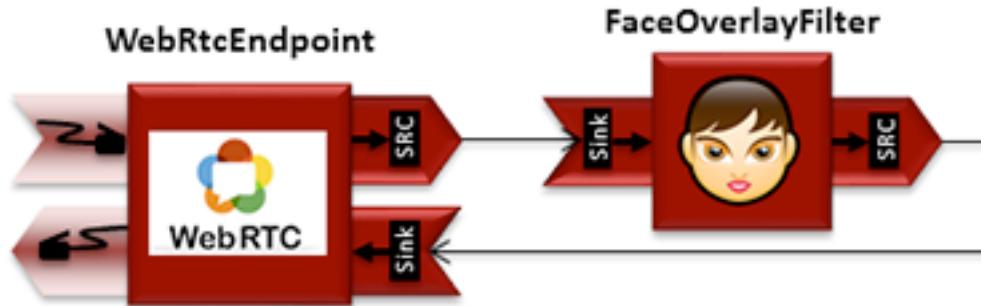
One-to-many example



One-to-many

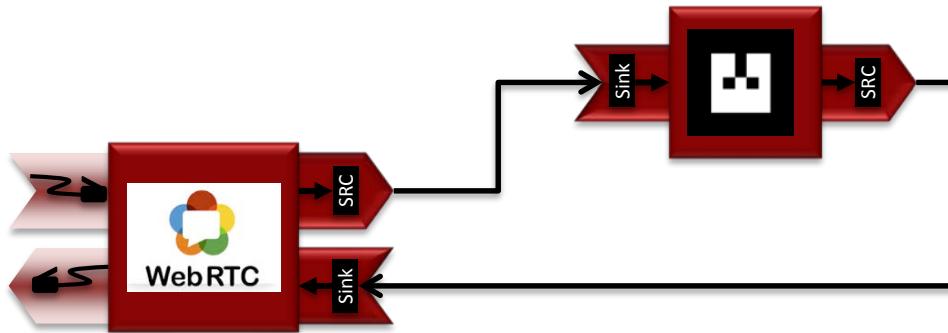
- Java EE
 - <http://www.kurento.org/docs/current/tutorials/java/tutorial-3-one2many.html>
- Node.js
 - <http://www.kurento.org/docs/current/tutorials/node/tutorial-3-one2many.html>

Face overlay example



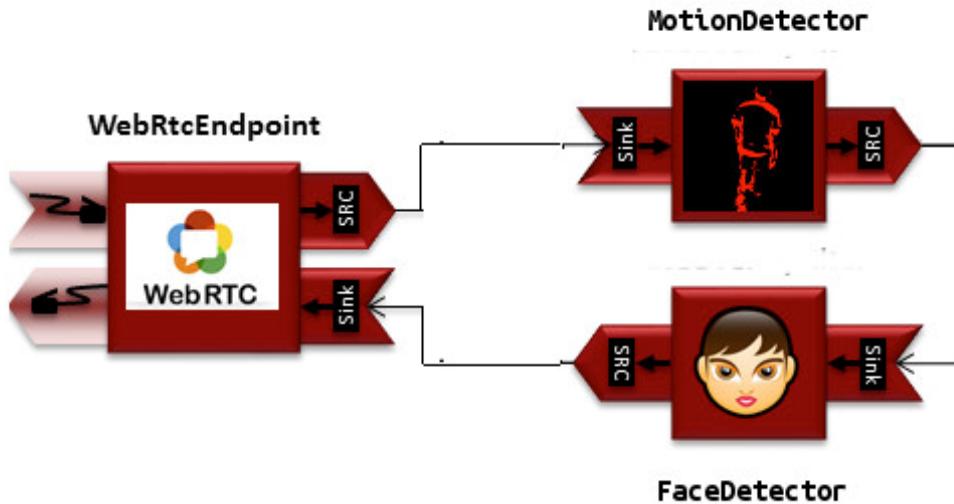
- Browser JavaScript
 - <http://www.kurento.org/docs/current/tutorials/js/tutorial-2-magicmirror.html>
- Java
 - <http://www.kurento.org/docs/current/tutorials/java/tutorial-2-magicmirror.html>
- Node.js
 - <http://www.kurento.org/docs/current/tutorials/node/tutorial-3-one2many.html>
- Video
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h84HFkvWGgw>

Augmented Reality example



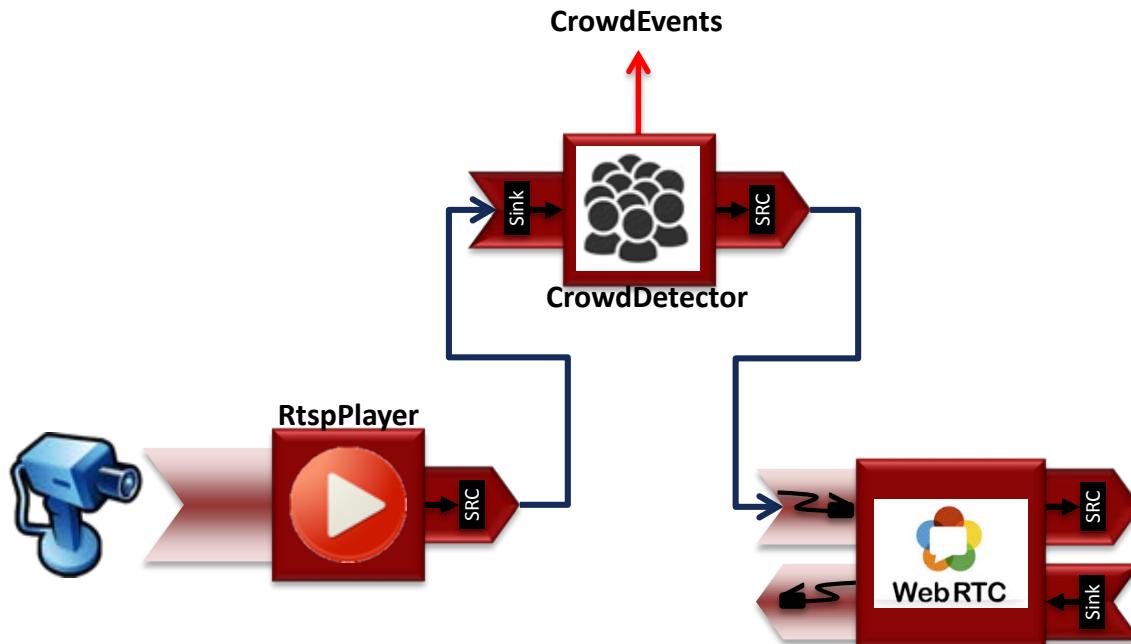
- Video
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JlRg4PzeRKQ>

Motion detector



- Video
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r91nExNEHiw>

Crowd detector



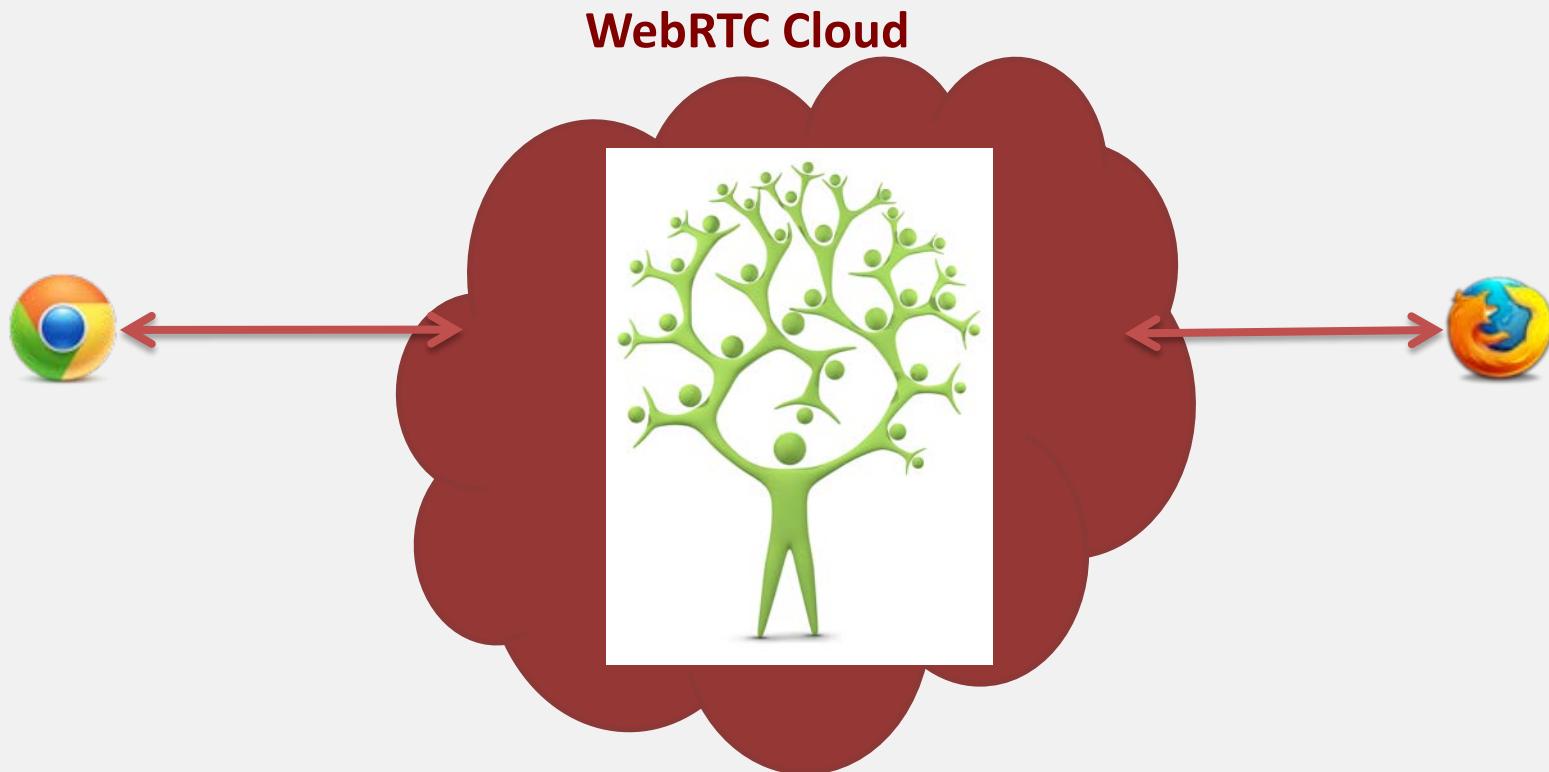
- Video
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S6iWSCysgT0>

Many other examples

- Face segmentator (aka get a Kiss)
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WRmzzbIZGDo>
- Room communications
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hkT8fLROdwo>
- B2B calls
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ocJBD08K6eM>
- Etc.

Beyond media servers: WebRTC clouds and the problem of scalability

WebRTC Application based on media infrastructure



Cloud models for WebRTC infrastructures

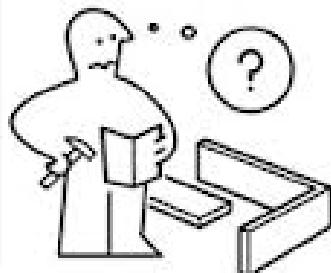
IaaS

Provider

- Computing resources

Developer

- Installation
- Administration
- Security
- Application logic



PaaS

Provider

- Development API

Developer

- Application logic



SaaS

Provider

- Service

Developer

- Nothing to do

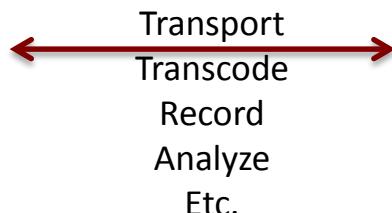
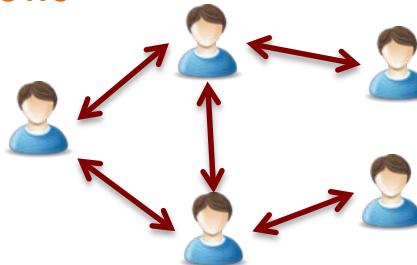


WebRTC PaaS APIs: Requirements

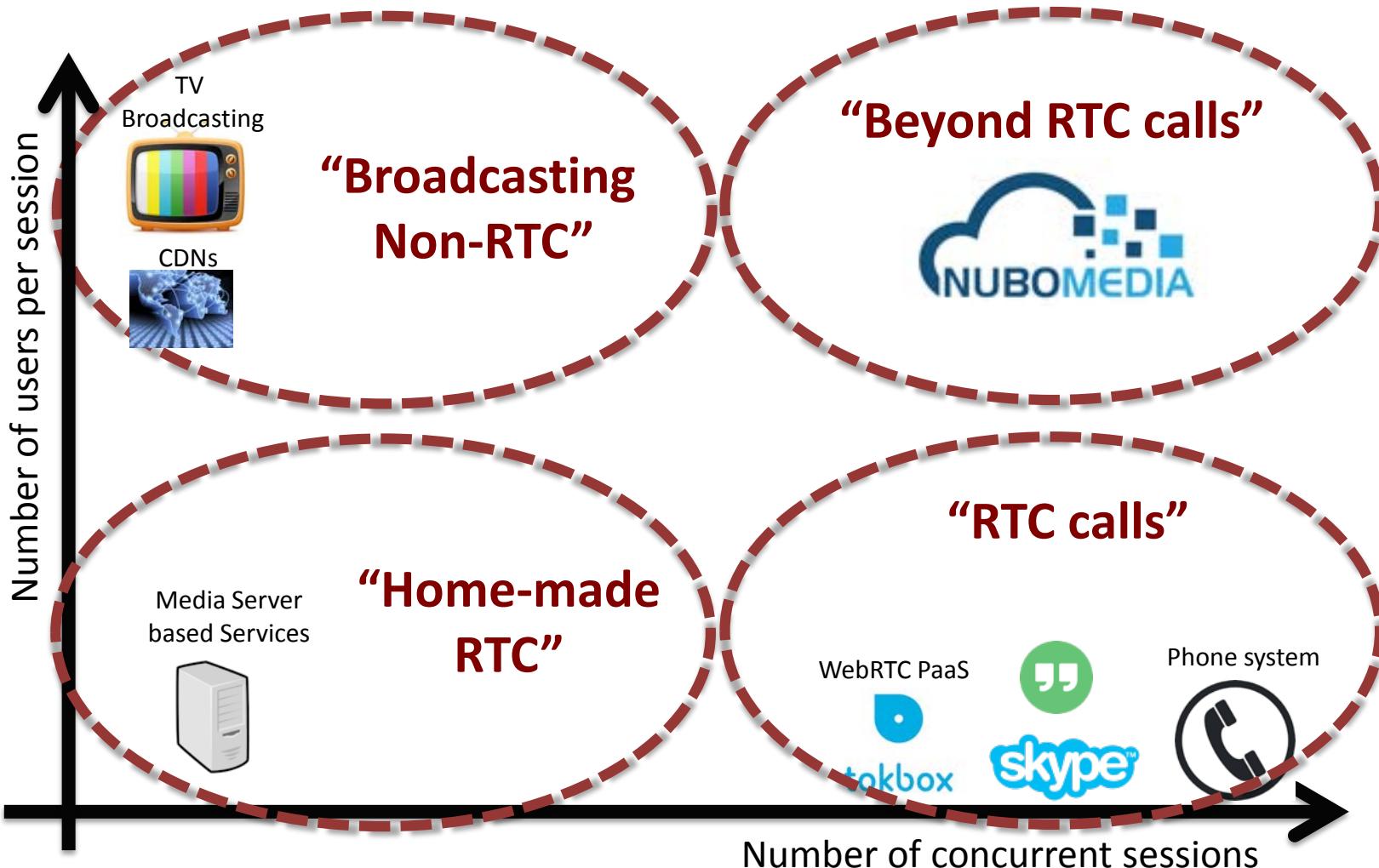
- Requirements of WebRTC PaaS APIs
 - Functional requirements
 - Media transport
 - Media endpoint
 - Media replication
 - Media routing
 - Media persistence
 - Media storage
 - Media recovery
 - Media processing
 - Transcoding
 - Analysis
 - Augmentation
 - Non-functional requirements
 - Security
 - Dependability
 - Scalability

WebRTC multimedia session

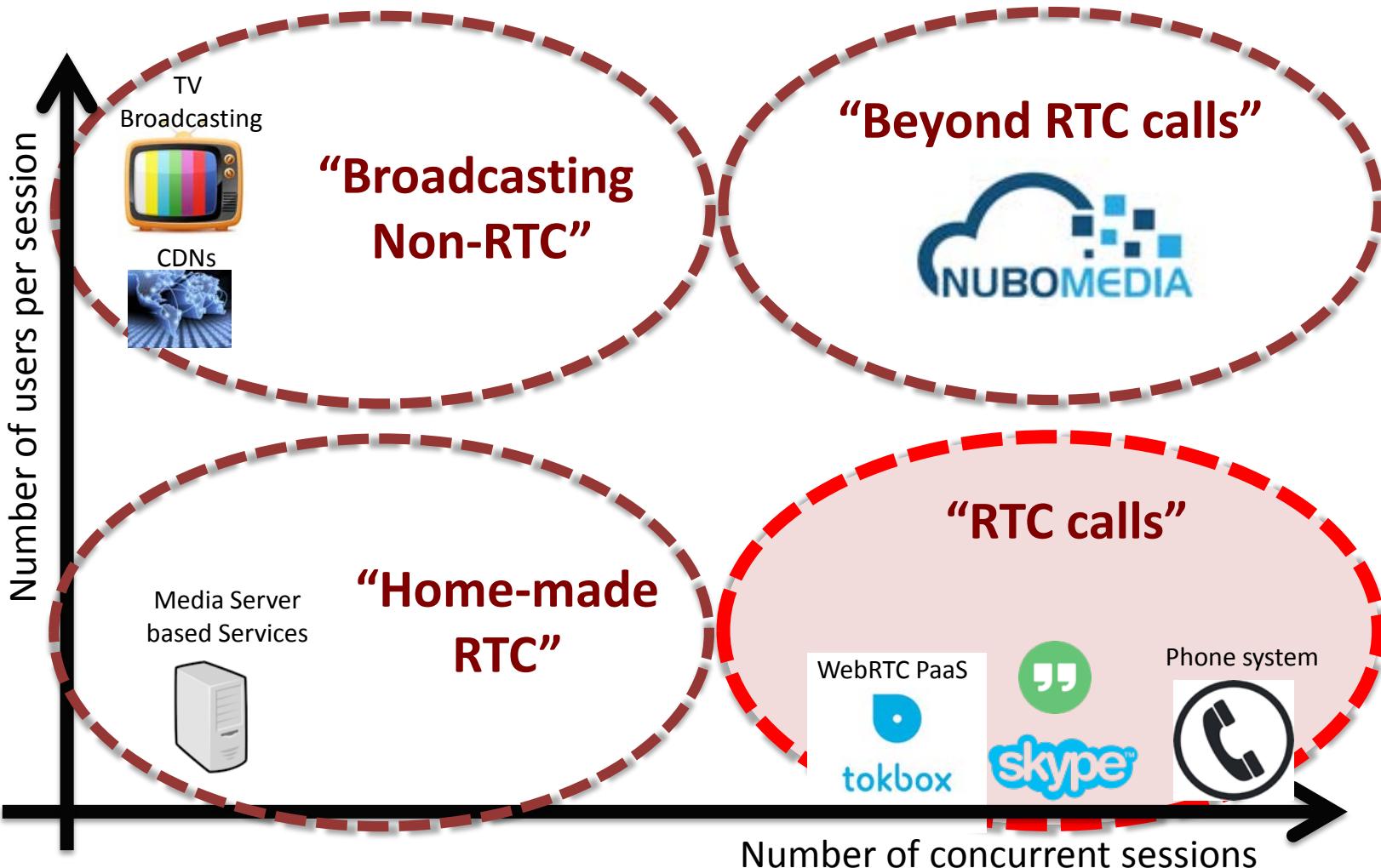
- RFC 5117
 - A multimedia session is an association among a group of participants engaged in the communication via one or more RTP Sessions.
- Characterized by
 - Communication topology
 - Graph of multimedia flows
 - Multimedia processing
 - Function of each edge of the graph of media flows



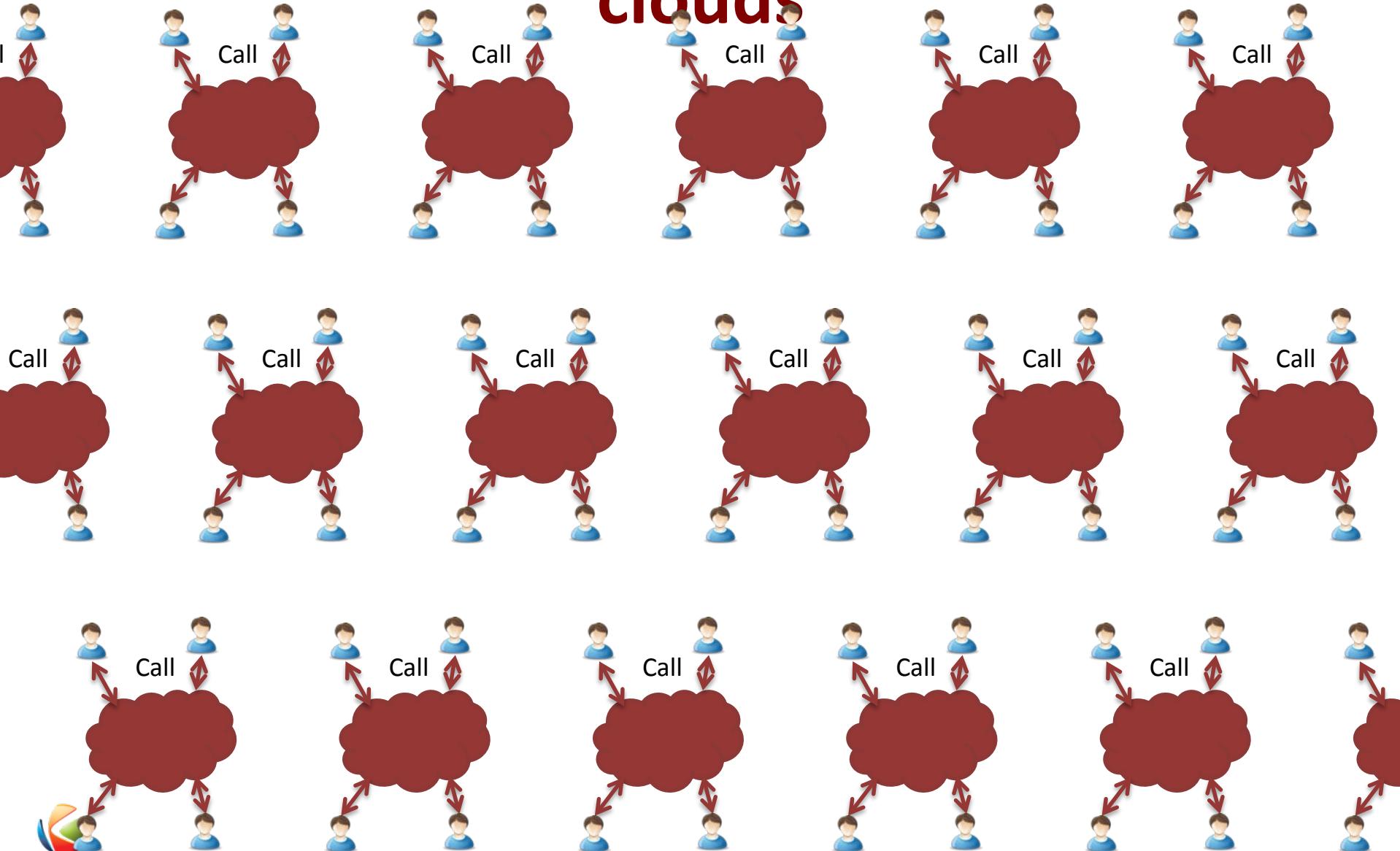
Scalability of RTC multimedia services



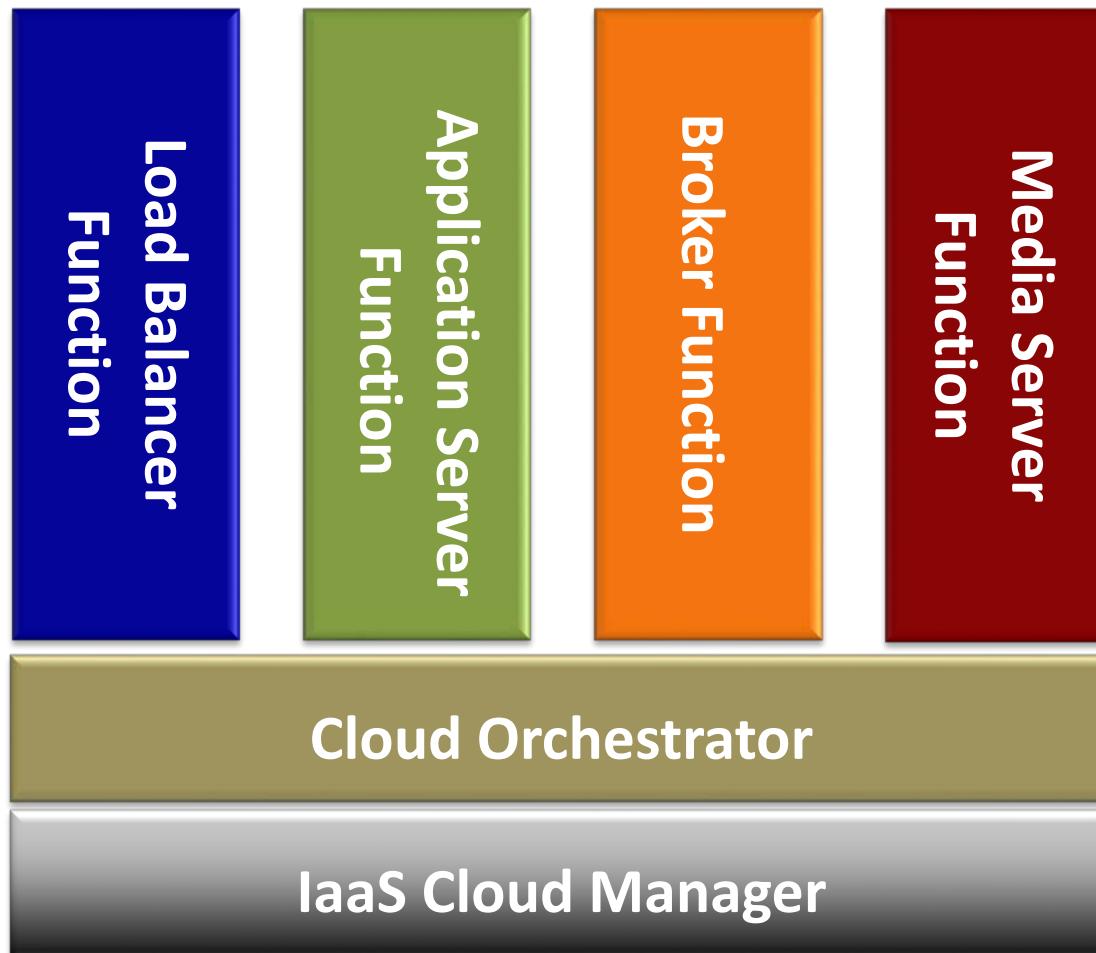
Scalability of RTC multimedia services



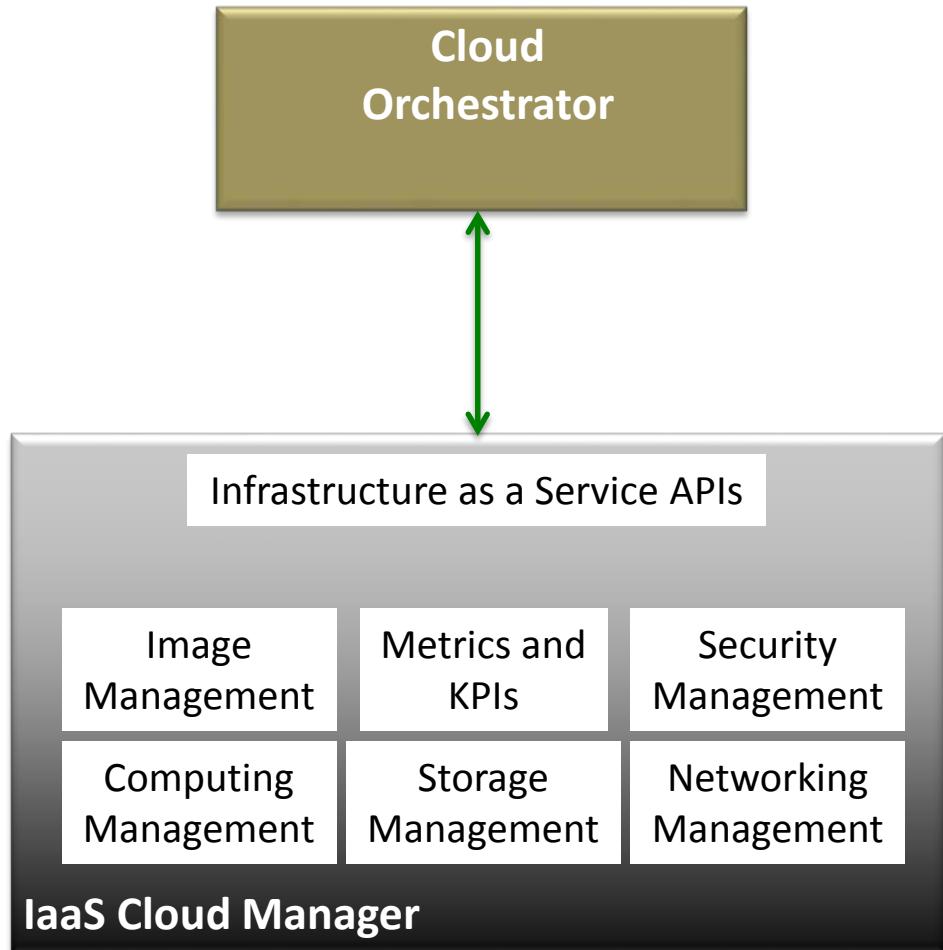
The scalability problem in “call” clouds



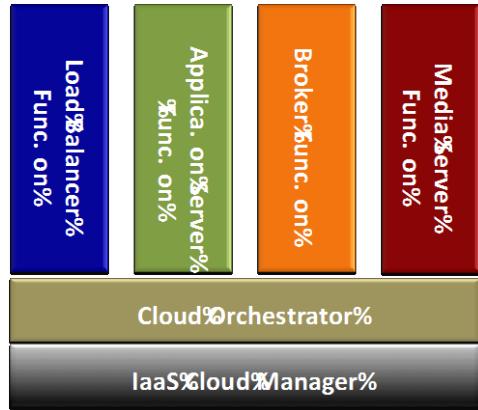
Anatomy of WebRTC PaaS for call models: Flat Architecture



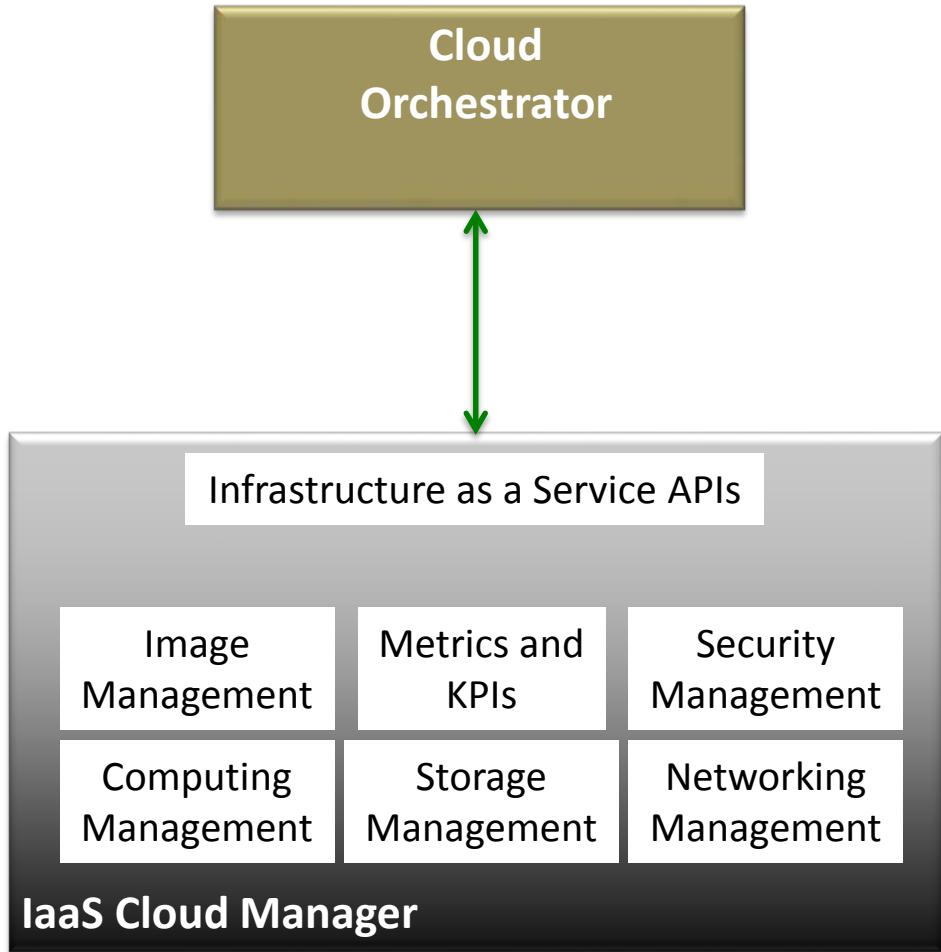
Cloud functions: IaaS manager



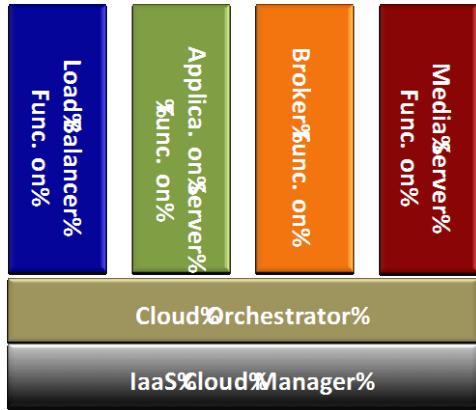
- **Function**
 - Provides APIs for IaaS management
 - Images
 - Instances
 - Storage
 - Metrics
 - Security
 - Etc.
- **Requires**
 - Physical infrastructure



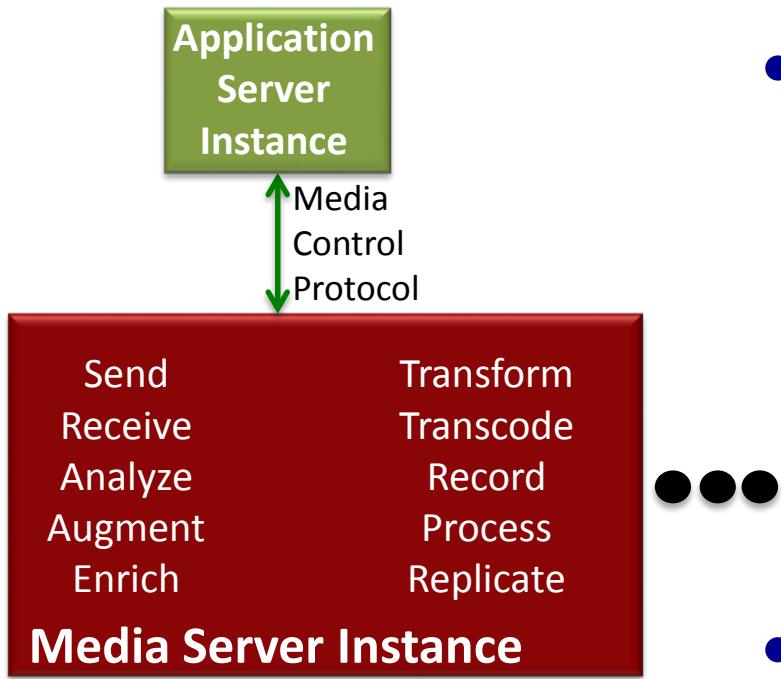
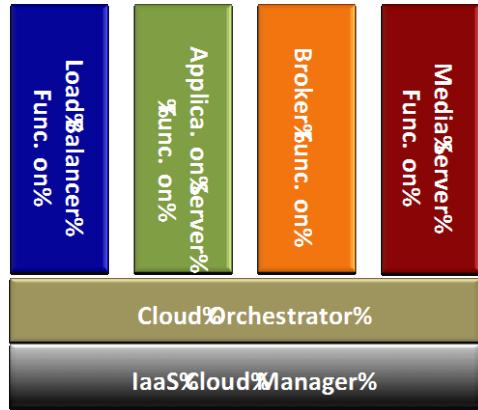
Cloud functions: Cloud Orchestrator



- **Function**
 - Lifecycle management of the platform
 - It acquires virtual resources and allocate them to the specific services
 - Runtime management with autoscaling
 - It scales out new service instances in situations of peak load
 - It scales in service instances whenever they are not required any longer
- **Requires**
 - Autoscaling rules
 - Ex. If average load is over 60% add two new instances

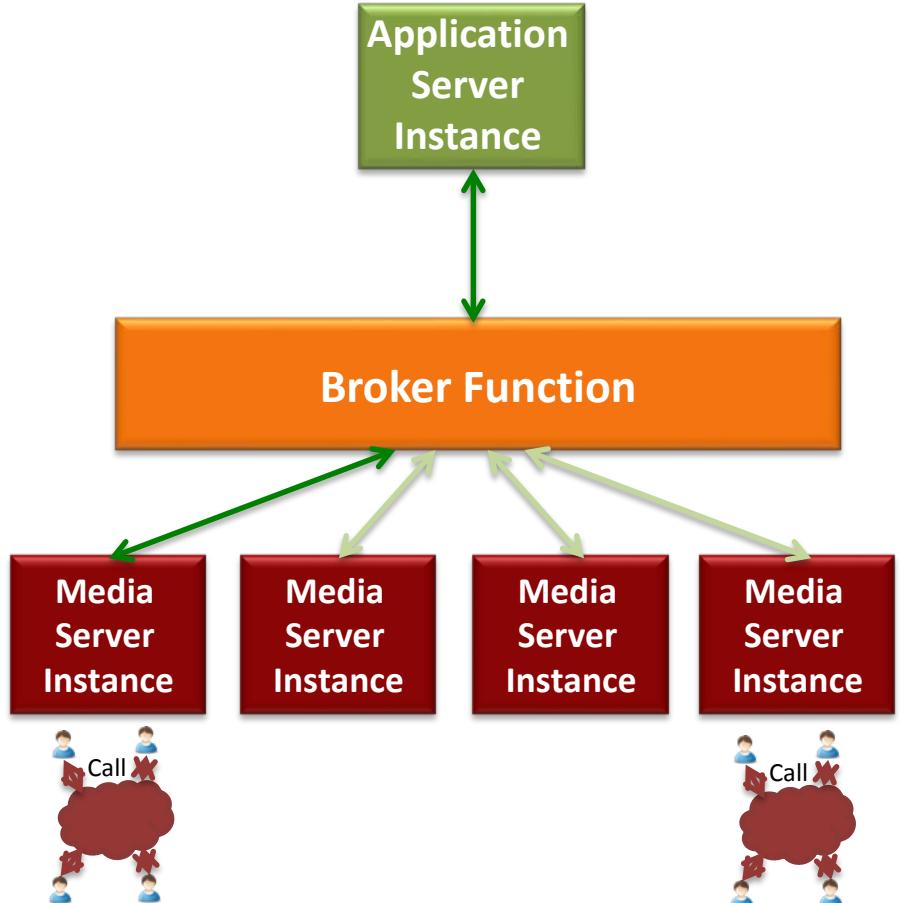


Media Server Function



- **Function**
 - Provides media capabilities
 - WebRTC transport
 - Recording
 - Transcoding
 - Etc.
- **Requires**
 - Control Protocol
 - Media Protocols
 - Media Codecs

Broker Function

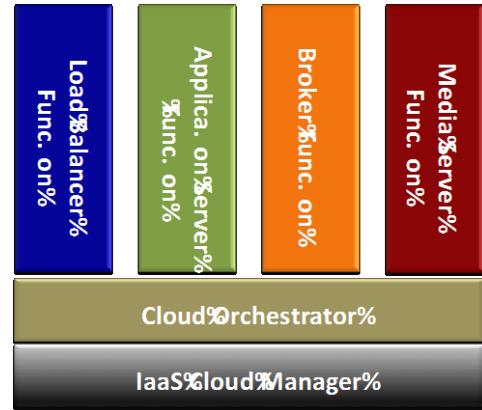


- **Function**

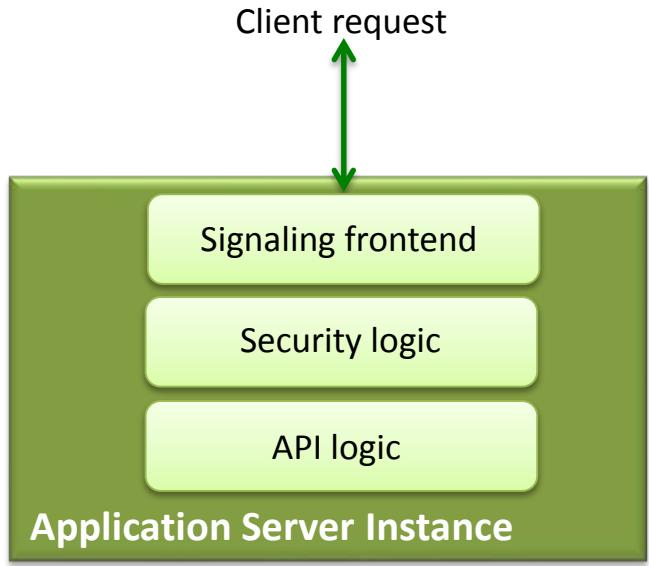
- Assigns “call” to specific media server instances
 - Give me a media server instance to take care of this call
- “call” are never split among media servers

- **Requires**

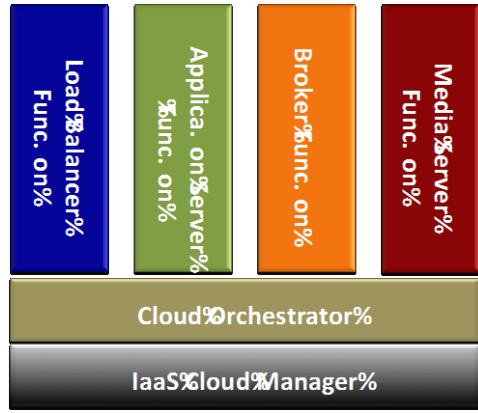
- Scheduling policy
 - Round robin
 - Random
 - Less load
 - Etc.
- Registration of MSis
 - All media server instances need to be known by the broker



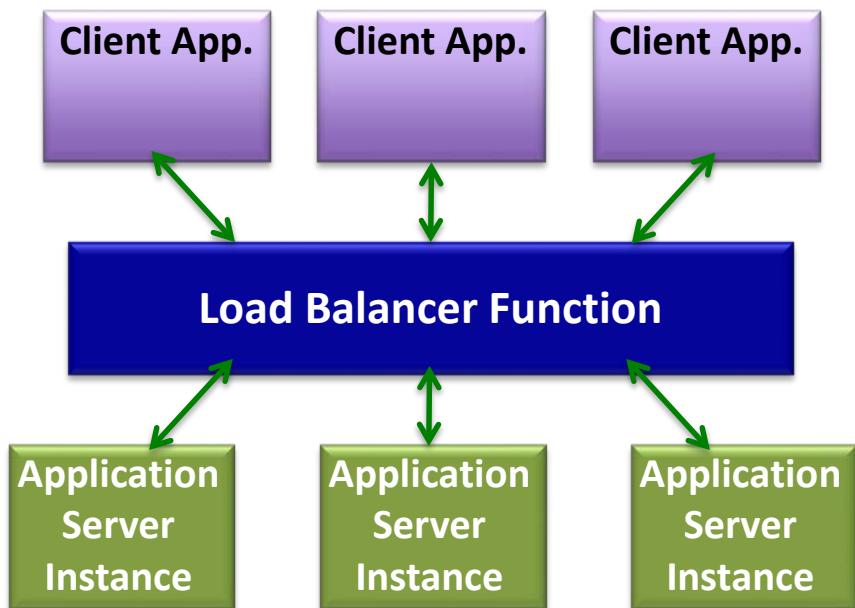
Application Server



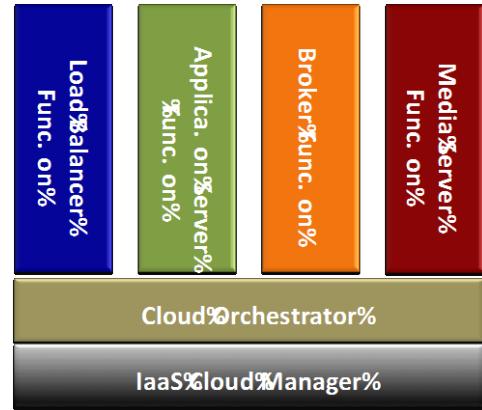
- **Function**
 - Signaling
 - Send/receive of signaling messages
 - Security logic
 - Authentication, Authorization, Accounting
 - PaaS API logic
 - Control of media server functions for providing API semantics
- **Requires**
 - Signaling protocol implementation
 - SIP, JSON, etc.
 - Security rules
 - ACLs, CAP, etc.
 - Specific logic
 - Media server dependent



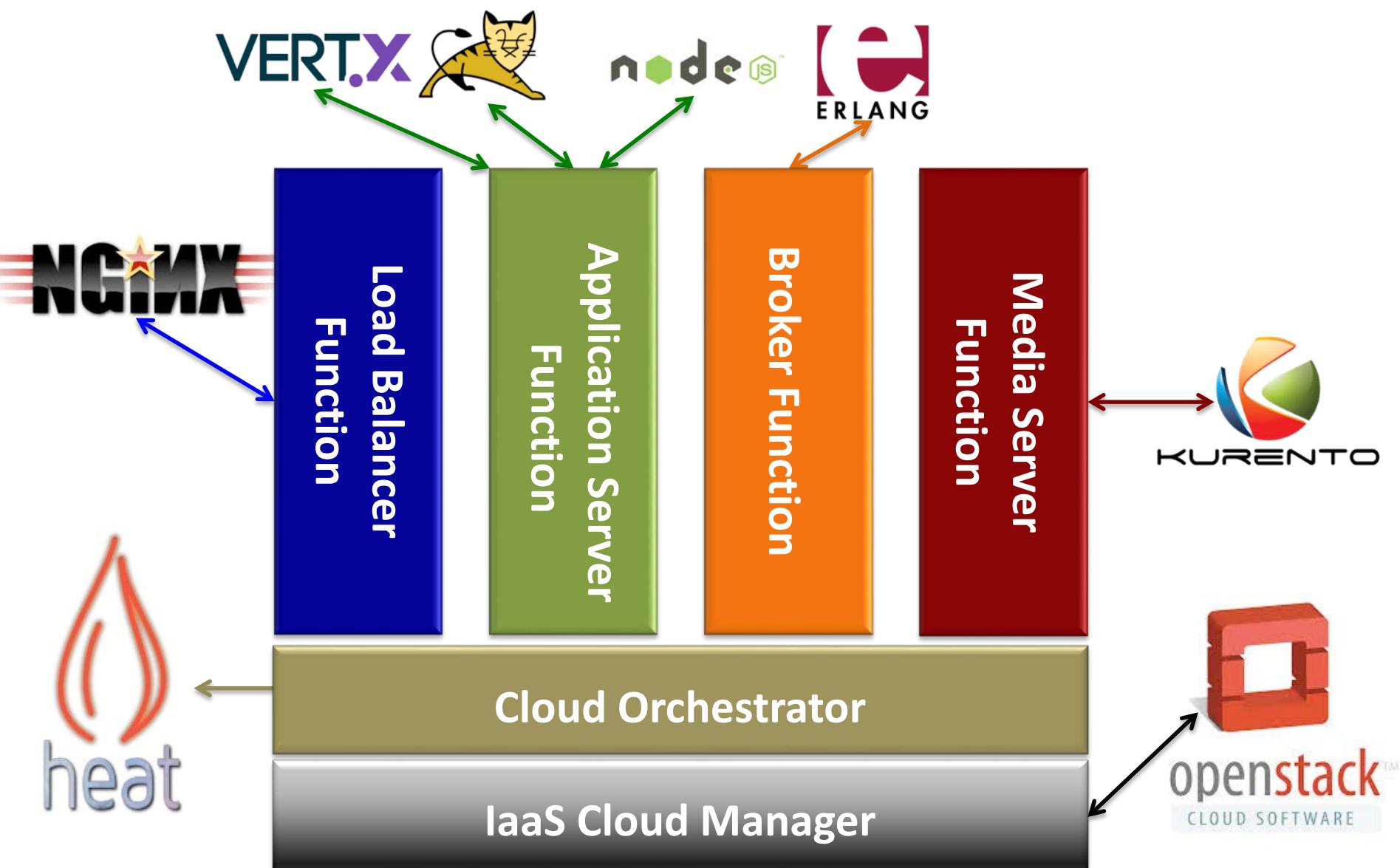
Load balancer



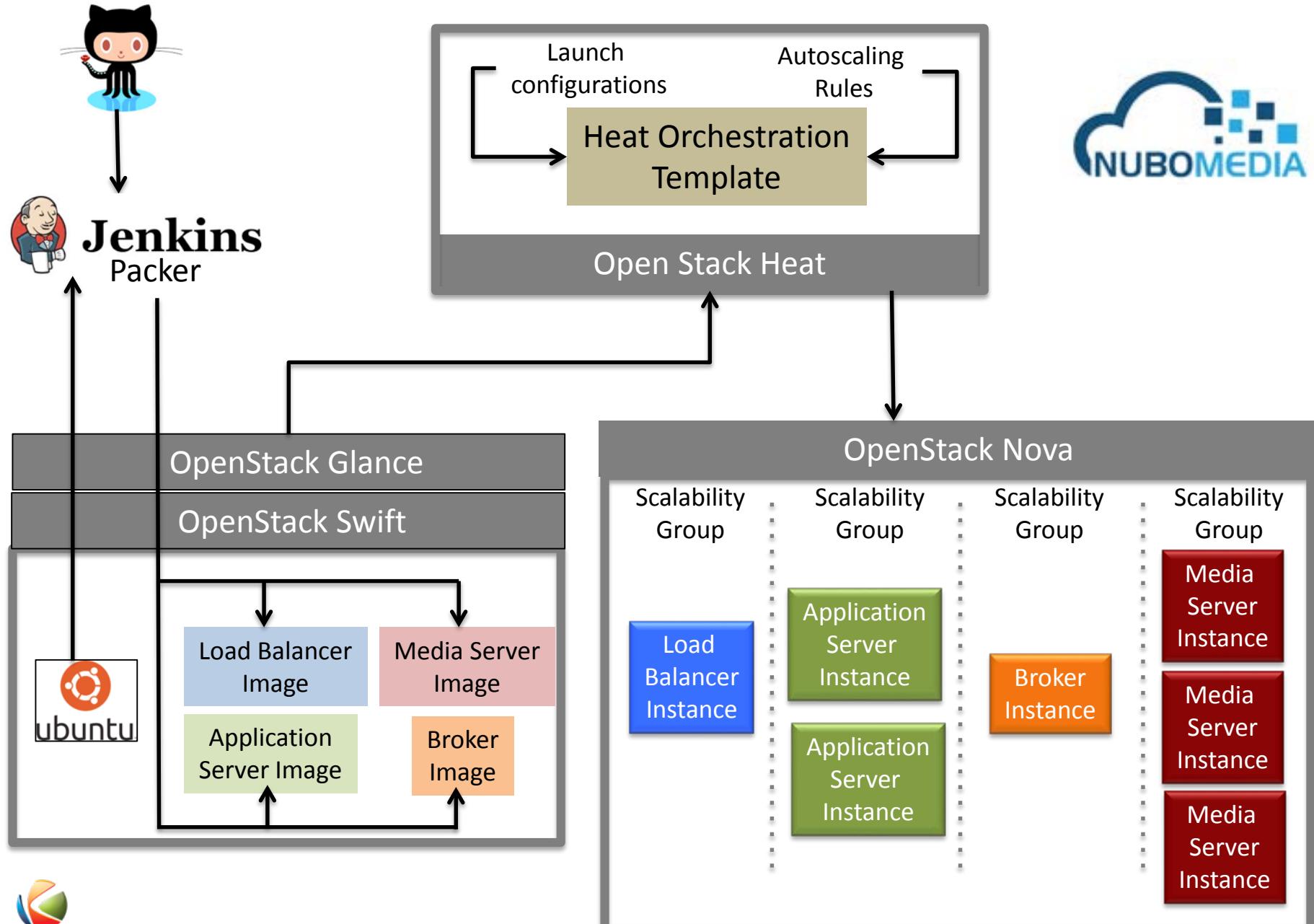
- **Function**
 - Distributes client requests among available AS instances
 - Usually stateful
- **Requires**
 - Balancing policy
 - Round robin
 - Random
 - Less load
 - Etc.
- **Scaling needs**
 - Low



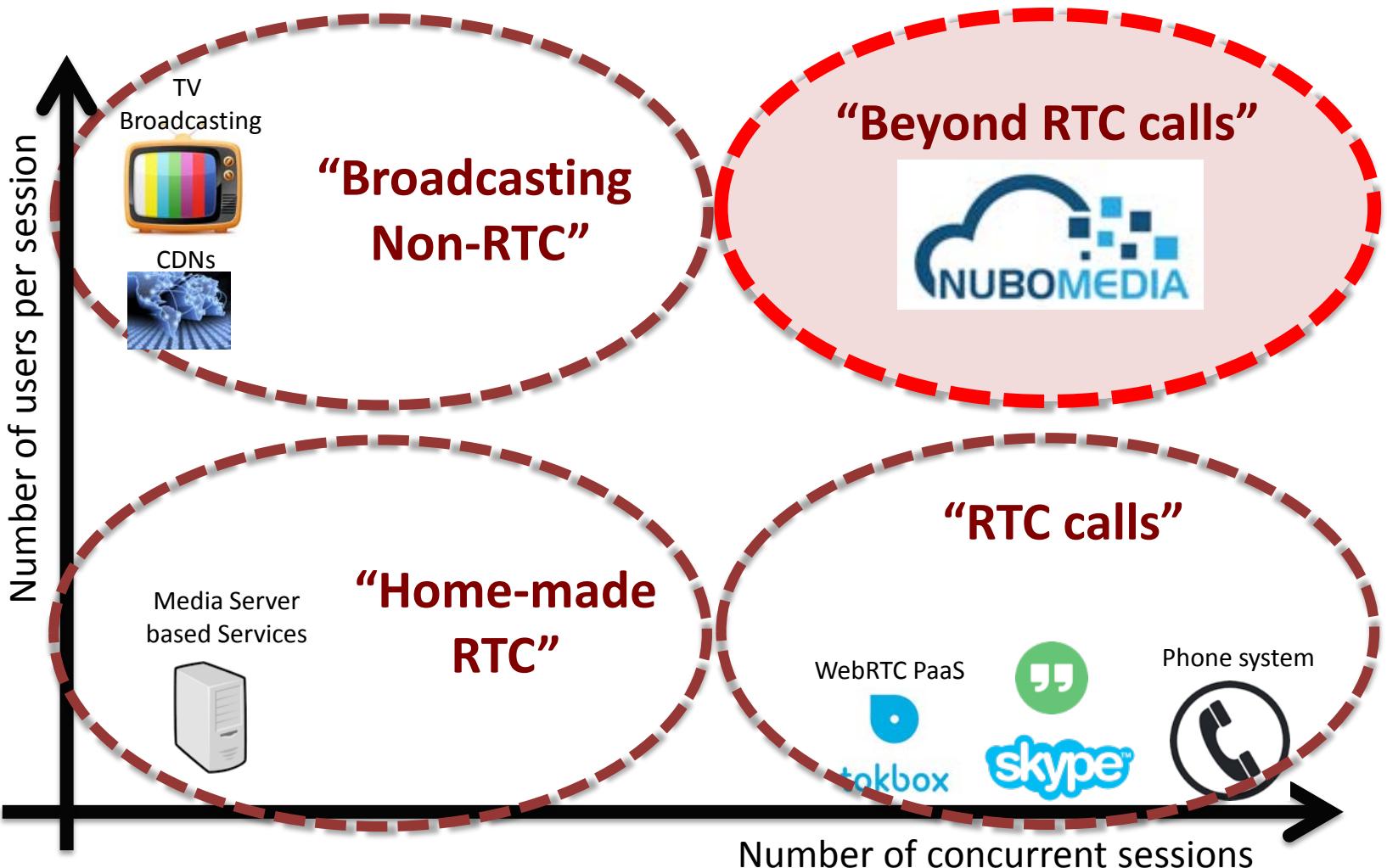
The flat Nubomedia implementation



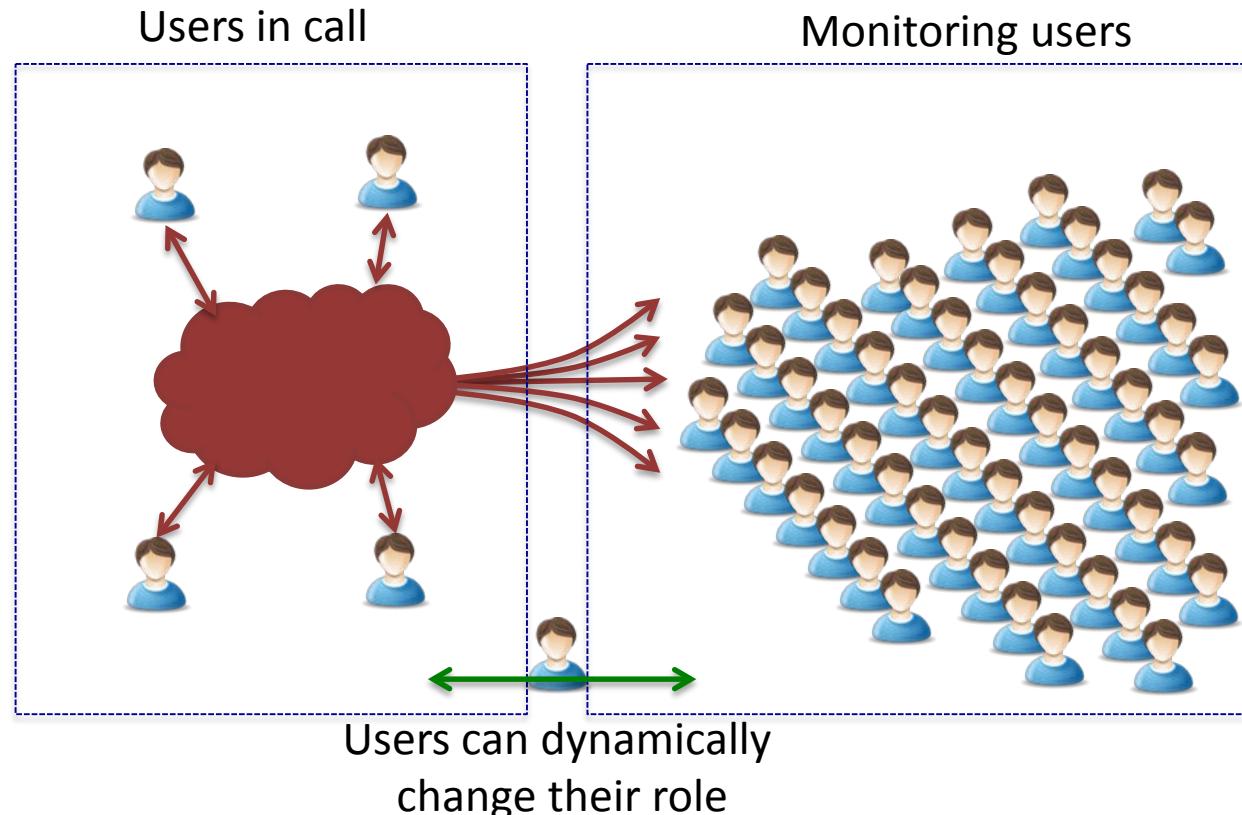
Instance Lifecycle



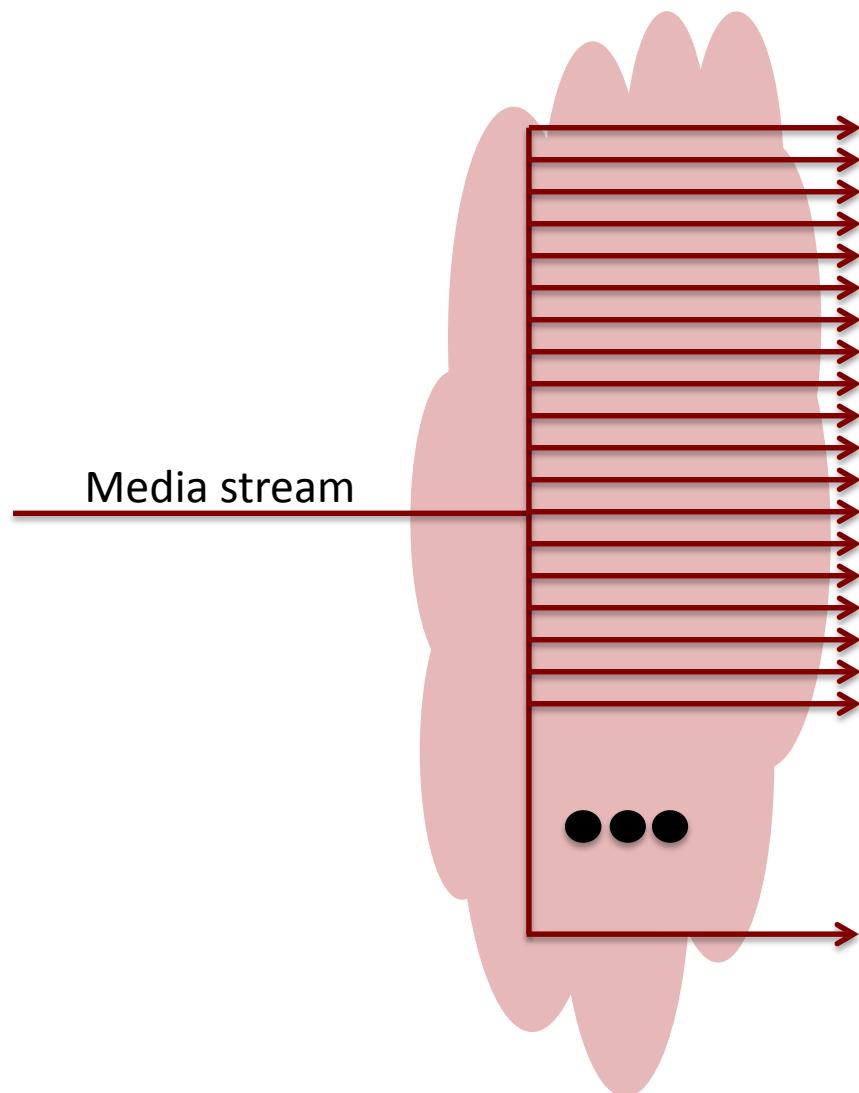
Scalability of RTC multimedia services



Beyond calls: convergence of broadcasting and phone-like services

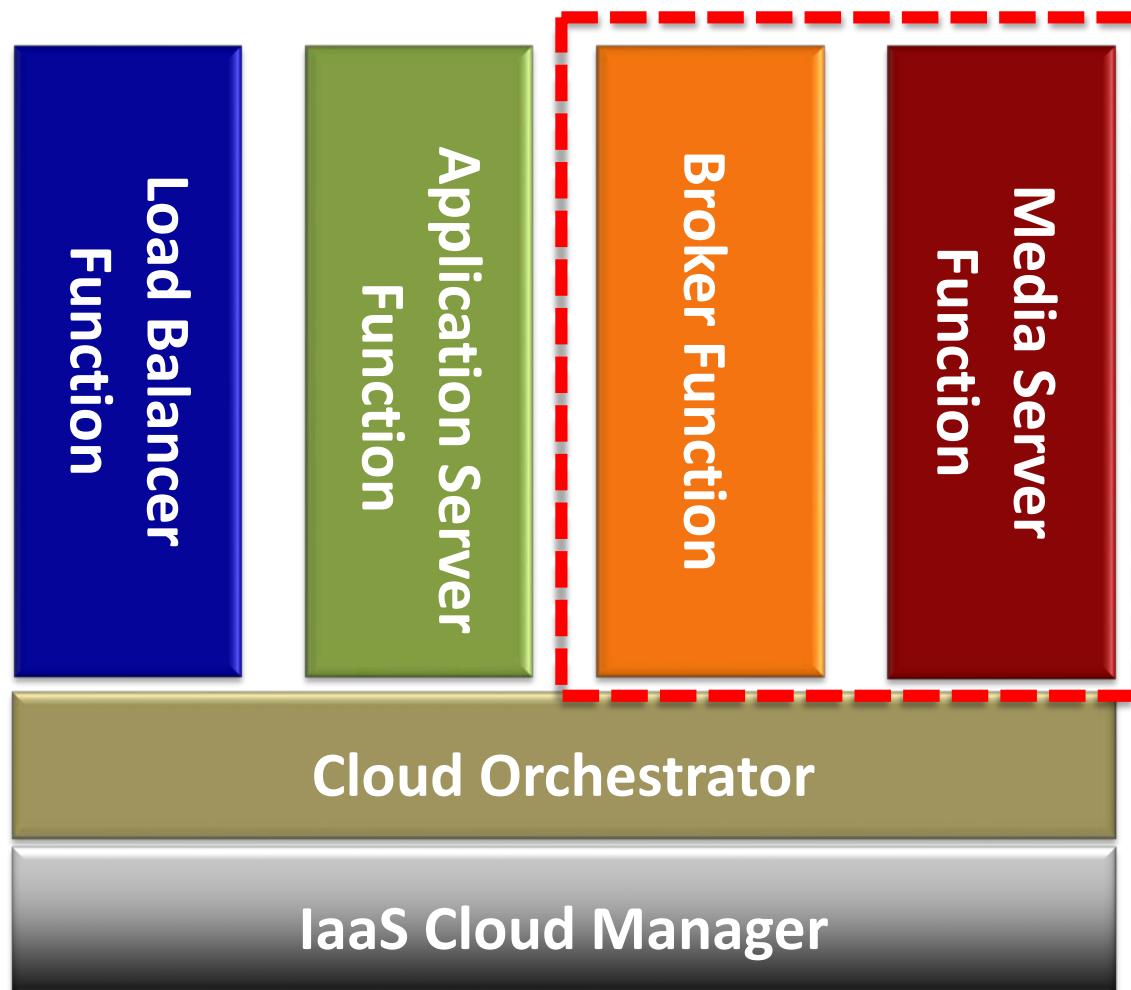


The scalability problem in “beyond call” clouds

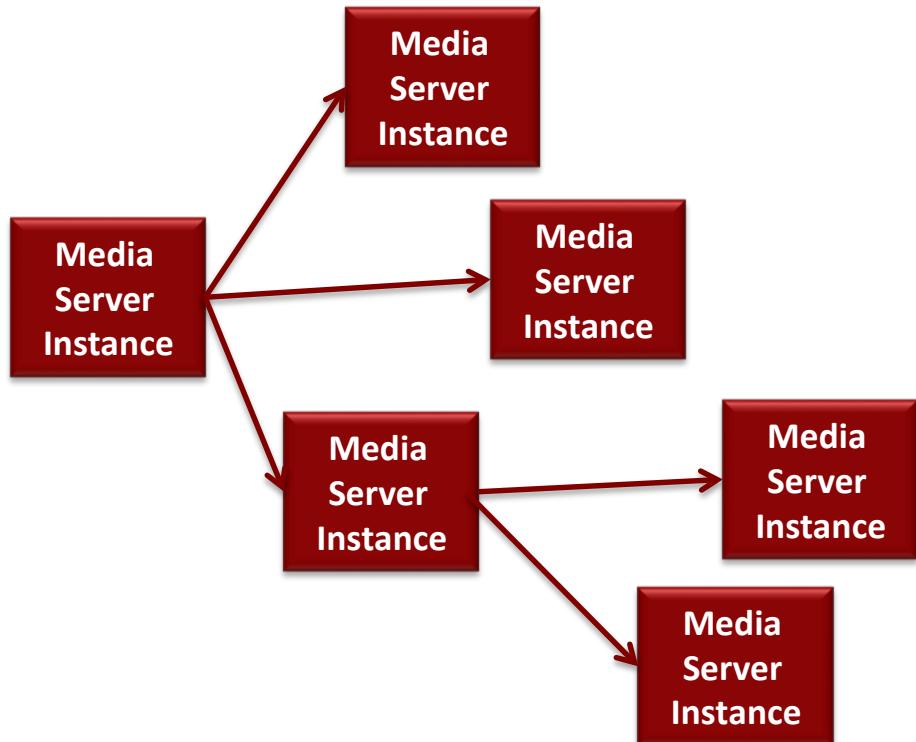
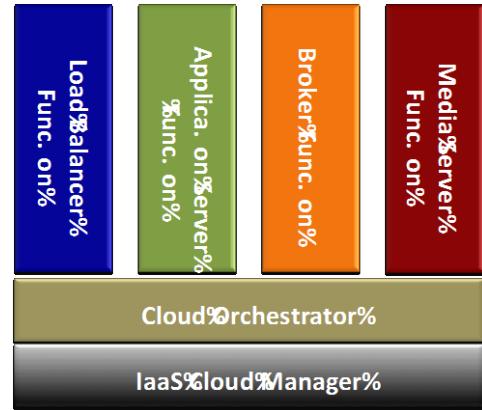


One to MANY

Anatomy of WebRTC PaaS for call models: Hierarchical Architecture

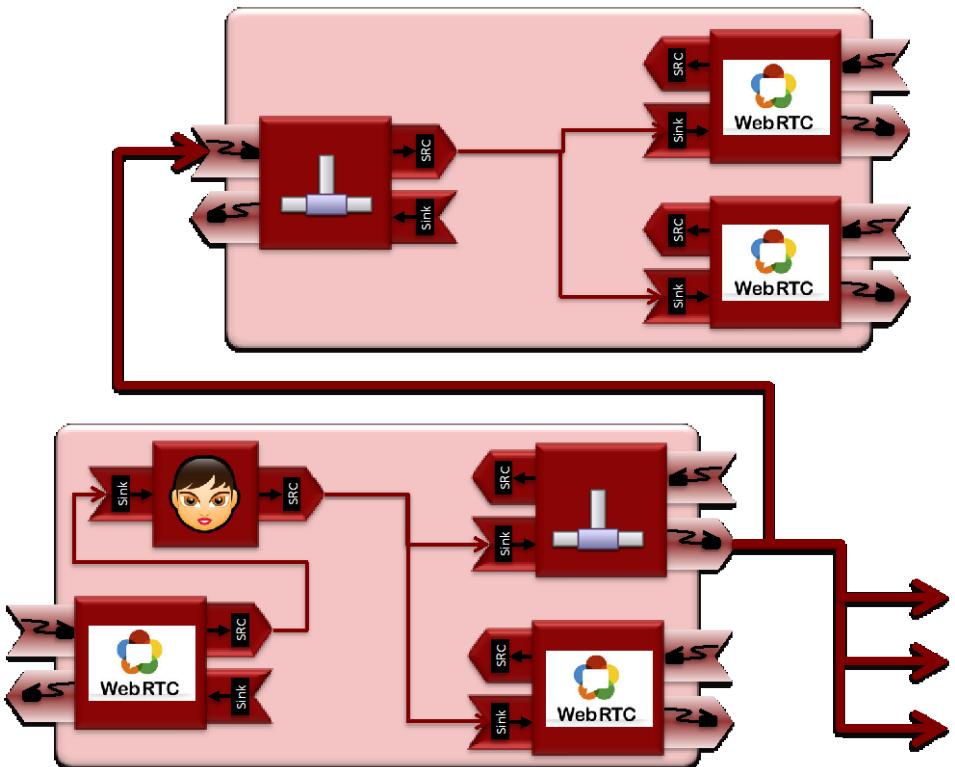
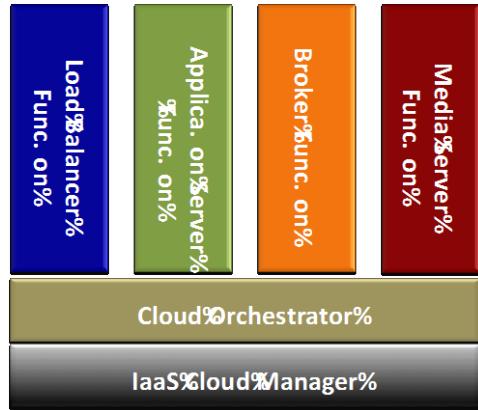


Media Server Function



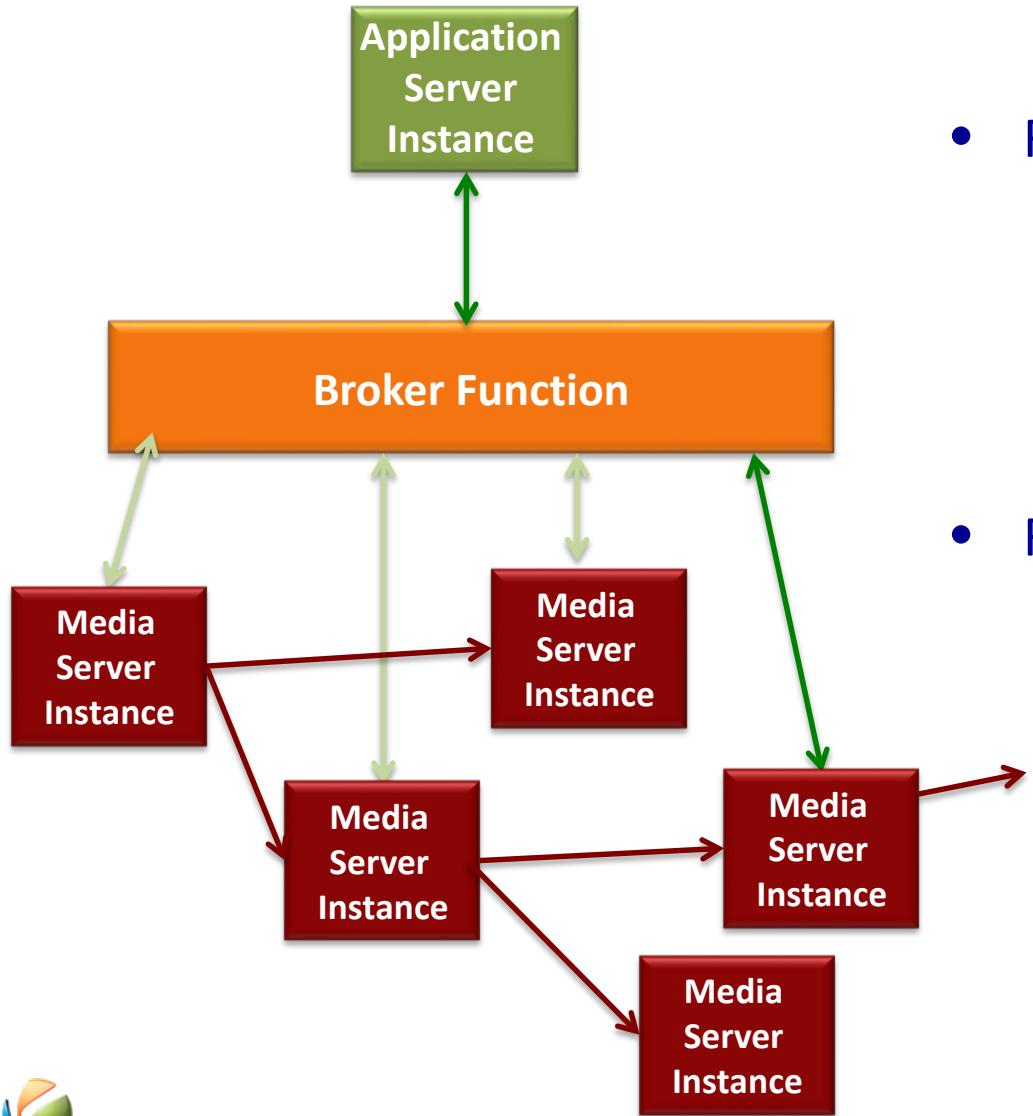
- **Function**
 - Provides elastics media capabilities
 - Strong dependencies among media server instances
 - Media servers connect following a specific topology
- **Requires**
 - Glue mechanism among media server instances

The elastic media server



- **Elasticity**
 - On the number of media pipelines
 - Number of concurrent sessions
 - On the number of elements per media pipeline
 - Number of concurrent users per session
 - Media Pipeline
 - Distributed media pipeline
- **Rigidity**
 - The media element is a monolithic (non distributed) entity

Broker Function



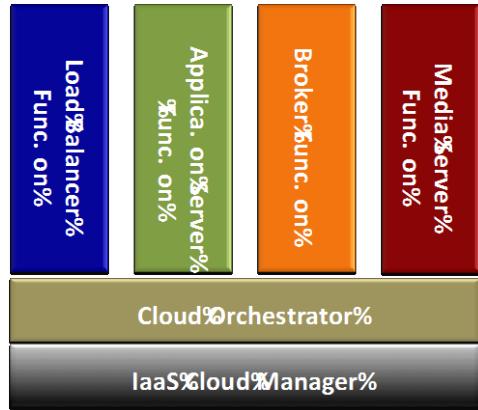
- **Function**

- Assigns “call legs” to specific media server instances
 - Give me a media server instance to take care of this call

- “call” are split among different media server instances

- **Requires**

- Scheduling policy
 - Topology aware
 - Network aware
 - SLA aware
 - Etc.
- Very complex problem
 - Leg adding may require additional media server instances
 - Churn is very complex to manage



Hierarchical Nubimedia implementation: Work in progress

